

ST HELENS BOROUGH COUNCIL

ST HELENS BOROUGH LOCAL PLAN 2020-2035

DRAFT SCHEDULE OF MODIFICATIONS

May 2021

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Draft Main modifications to the Proposed Local Plan Submission Draft 2020 – 2035 (LPSD)

The draft main modifications below are expressed either in the form of strikethrough for deletions and <u>underlined and bold</u> for additions of text, or by specifying the modification in words.

The draft main modifications are set out below and include 6 separate Annexes:

Mod Ref No.	Page number	Current policy/ paragraph	Change (deleted text in strikethrough; new text <u>underlined</u> and bold; changes to diagrams, tables, etc. described in italic text).	Reason for Modification	Document Reference for the suggested modification
MM001 Formerly AM056-58 in SD003	102	LPC06 Biodiversity and geological conservation (add new criterion 7) Paragraph 7.6.5	 7. Further details concerning the implementation of this policy will be set out in the Council's proposed Nature Conservation Supplementary Planning Document It has been identified that new housing development in the Liverpool City Region Borough, particularly when considered cumulatively, may is likely to cause significant ecological effects on the Sefton Coast SAC and other designated European sites around the Liverpool City Region due to increased recreational pressure. The Council is 	For clarity and to address the comments of Natural England (representation reference RO0180) AM056-58 cumulatively relate to the effectiveness of the Plan and should be combined into a main modification	INSP003, paragraph 24

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		working with other local authorities and		
		partner organisations in the City		
		Region to quantify these effects and to		
		identify, through the preparation of a		
		City Region wide recreation		
		mitigation strategy, a strategic and		
		consistent approach to any mitigation		
		that is required. This may include the		
		use of developer contributions (if these		
		are shown to be necessary to mitigate		
		the effects of development in different		
		parts of the City Region on the		
		European sites). Any such		
		contributions linked to development in		
		St Helens Borough will be		
		proportionate to the identified scale of		
		its impacts. The Council will use this		
		approach, subject to agreement of its		
		details, to address this issue.		
Ne	w Paragraph	The City Region recreation		
7.6	6.5A	mitigation strategy referred to in		
		paragraph 7.6.5 above has yet to be		
		completed. However, within St		
		Helens any developer contributions		
		are likely to be focussed at least in		
		part on the delivery of strategic		
		greenspace enhancements in the		
		local area, for example at Bold		
		Forest Park. The Bold Forest Park		

			(BFP) Area Action Plan forms part of		
			the St Helens Local Plan and		
			provides a framework for the		
			development of the BFP area, which		
			covers about 1,800ha of land in the		
			southern part of the Borough. Due		
			to its location on the urban fringe of		
			St Helens, the BFP is potentially		
			accessible to a large sub-regional		
			population and is capable of playing		
			an important role as an alternative		
			recreational destination. The		
			Council will continue to promote the		
			BFP as a sub-regional greenspace		
			and to seek opportunities for		
			additional funding to help improve		
			the functionality and management of		
			the BFP.		
MM002	161	Paragraph 8.27.7	The Manchester Mosses Special Area	In the interests of clarity,	INSP003, paragraph 25
			of Conservation (SAC) has been	and to address the	
Formerly			identified as being at risk of harm from	comments of Natural	
AM067-68 in			increased air pollution caused by	England (representation	
SD003			traffic. For this reason, all proposals	reference RO0180).	
			for development that would cause an	As both AMs relate to	
			increase in traffic levels that would	soundness they should	
			exceed one or both of the thresholds in	be an MM.	
			paragraph 3 of Policy LPD09 must be		
			accompanied by sufficient evidence to		
			enable the effects upon the SAC to be		
			assessed. Under part 1 of Policy		
	l	1	·		

	LPC06, smaller development	
	proposals would also need to be	
	accompanied by such evidence if	
	they are likely to have a significant	
	effect alone or in combination with	
	other projects on the SAC. Any	
	significant effects would need to be	
	addressed in line with Policy LPC06.	
	Paragraph The precise details of the measures	
8.27.7	required in response to point (3) of	
	policy LPD09 will depend on the	
	details of the development itself.	
	However, effective measures	
	available (depending on the type of	
	development) may include:	
	<u>1. Electric vehicle charging points at</u>	
	parking spaces:	
	2. Provision of a communal minibus	
	(particularly if electric), and car club	
	space;	
	3. Cycle parking and shower	
	facilities for staff;	
	4. On-site services (e.g. GP	
	surgeries and shops) to reduce	
	need for off-site movements;	
	5. Personalised Journey Planning	
	services for residents. If	
	employment premises the company	
	could provide incentives for car-	

MM003	40	LPA05 part 3b and 3c	sharing and minimising car journeys for work;6. Production of sustainable travel information for residents e.g. accurate and easily understandable 	Highlighted in Inspectors' preliminary questions (INSP003)	SHBC001, paragraph 50, p33 (PQ44)
			-	questions (INSP003)	(PQ44)
MM004	16	LPA01	Entire 'Policy LPA01: Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development' to be deleted along with accompanying Reasoned Justification (and associated re-numbering of subsequent policies in the Plan)	Highlighted in Inspectors' preliminary questions (INSP003, paragraph 58)	SHBC001, paragraph 58, p37

MM005		Appendix 5 and 7	Proposed changes to the site profiles are	Requirements which are	INSP003, paragraph 61
(In part, this was formerly AM074)	and 248- 259	site profiles	set out in Annexes 1 and 2	generic and apply to each site because of other policies of the Plan should be excluded from the site profiles, requirements should be site specific.	and SHBC001, paragraph 61, p38
				Also significant changes to the site profiles through AM074, e.g, the addition of new requirements, are main modifications because of the link to Policies LPA04.1 and LPA05.1.	INSP003, paragraph 61
				Inspectors considered there is no need to allocate sites developed or under construction given stage they've reached (2EA, 3EA, 10EA, 3HA and 10HA).	INSP005, paragraph 5 (and response to this in SHBC005 under Matter 4)
				For those sites that have a planning permission, but are not yet built (9EA 11EA and 9HA), the key conditions from the decision notices are included to ensure effectiveness of Plan.	INSP004, paragraph 5 SHBC002, q1, p3

				Site profile 4HA to be updated to reflect Policy LPC07 and associated Figure 7.2 in respect of the opportunity to expand the Greenway network.	INSP004, paragraph 14 SHBC002, q8, p14
MM006 Formerly AM88-91	17	LPA02 Spatial Strategy	Addition of new criterion 4 into policy: 4. Comprehensive regeneration of the wider Borough will be delivered by the English Cities Fund Regeneration Partnership, through the provision of quality housing, new commercial activity, upgraded infrastructure and the overall improvement of the social and economic viability of the Borough on a phased basis.	Inclusion of additional policy criterion and explanatory paragraphs are considered to be main modifications. As a factual update following the Council entering into a strategic partnership with the English Cities Fund.	INSP003, paragraph 56
	17-18 24	Paragraph 4.6.19	Re-number existing criteria 4-10 to 5- 11. As a priority, the Council will continue to work to support the redevelopment of brownfield sites in the urban area. It is also pursuing opportunities to enhance town centres in the Borough, for example through the creation of the St.Helens Town Centre Strategy. In	For clarity following modification AM088 amendments. For clarity following additional paragraphs outlined in modification AM091.	

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		addition, the Council intends to work		
		pro-actively with partner organisations		
		where necessary to secure the suitable		
		regeneration of other town, district and		
		local centres and of existing housing		
		and employment areas, particularly in		
		less affluent areas. The Council will		
		prepare Supplementary Planning		
		Documents covering specific areas		
		where this is considered necessary to		
		help implement their regeneration.		
24			Factual update. The	
24		Insert new paragraphs 4.6.20 to 4.6.22 as	regeneration of the town	
		follows:	and district centres are a	
		4.6.20 The Council is entering into a	key priority of the Local	
		formal partnership agreement with the	Plan. Therefore,	
		English Cities Fund as the Council's	reference to both the	
		preferred strategic partner to ensure the	ECF and Town Deal is	
		delivery of a Borough wide regeneration	considered appropriate.	
		strategy, including economic		
		regeneration and housing. The Council		
		has recognised that a new approach to		
		growing the economy of the Borough is		
		required that seeks to work pro-actively		
		with the private sector and establish a		
		strategic partnership maximising the		
		opportunities presented to deliver		
		significant future growth in St. Helens		
		and deliver key priorities including		

			Town Centre regeneration, social wellbeing and providing appropriate infrastructure to support future development. 4.6.21 Furthermore, as part of the 'Town Deal' initiative established by the Government in 2019, the Council are seeking to secure significant investment of up to £25 million. This funding will be used to help increase economic growth with a focus on land use and regeneration, improved connectivity (both transport and better broadband connectivity), skills and employment, and heritage, arts and culture for St. Helens Town Centre. 4.6.22 The Council will prepare Supplementary Planning Documents covering specific areas to help implement regeneration where this is considered necessary.		
MM007	45	Table 4.6 Housing Land Supply	See Annex 3 for a reformatted and updated version of Table 4.6, showing the position as at 31 March 2020. The information is presented differently, in a format which is considered simpler and easy to understand (as provided in Appendix 5 of SD025). It is expected these tables will be updated by the time of the hearings to reflect the position as at 31 March 2021.	Inspectors' recommendation to provide up to date housing data, particularly in respect of completions	INSP003, paragraph 65 SHBC001, paragraph 65, p39

MM008	47	Figure 4.3 Table 4.7	Table 4.7 and Figure 4.3 in the Plan to be replaced by the table and trajectory provided in Appendix 1 of SD025 to show the sources of supply and provide be based on more up to date data.	Inspectors' recommendation to update trajectory in Figure 4.3 to show sources of supply and bring the information up to date.	INSP003, paragraphs 69 and 70 p18 SHBC001, paragraph 69, p41
MM009	47	LPA05, reasoned justification	Tables in Appendix 2 of SD025 (see Annex 4 of this document) to be added to the reasoned justification of Policy LPA05 through a modification (MM), under a new sub-heading 'Five year housing land supply' at end of the reasoned justification section. (To be updated to the position as at 31 March 2021 by time of hearings)	Inspectors recommend the LP should clearly express the key assumptions and parameters relied on to calculate the five year housing land supply on adoption of the LP. The tables in Appendix 2 of SD025 set out the key assumptions and parameters relied on to calculate the 5 year housing land supply on adoption of the plan.	INSP003, paragraph 72, p18 SHBC001, paragraph 72, p42
MM010	34	Table 4.4	Replace Table 4.4 in the LPSD with an updated version to show the latest position, as provided in Annex 5 (taken from SD022). (To be updated to the position as at 31 March 2021 by time of baseings)	Requested by Inspectors to show the updated residual employment land requirement, to aid in effectiveness of LP.	INSP003, paragraph 74 SHBC001, paragraph 74, p43
MM011 Formerly AM014	29	LPA04 Strategic Employment Sites Criterion 1	March 2021 by time of hearings) c) ensure the necessary infrastructure is provided to support business needs (see Policy LPA08); and	Typographical correction and factual update, and additional criterion to reference the COVID19	INSP003, paragraph 75

			d) support the creation of and expansion of small businesses- <u>;</u> and <u>e) support businesses and</u> <u>organisations in the economic</u> <u>recovery and renewal from the</u> <u>COVID-19 pandemic.</u>	pandemic, as the Local Plan will support local businesses in a post COVID19 economy. Inspectors consider the additional criterion (1e) is proposed to be a main modification	
MM012 Formerly AM092	32	4.12.2 and 4.12.3 in the Reasoned Justification to Policy LPA04	4.12.2 The Local Plan's vision, still stands true as we plan for recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic: By 2035, St. Helens Borough will provide through the balanced regeneration and sustainable growth of its built-up areas, a range of attractive, healthy, safe, inclusive and accessible places in which to live, work, visit and invest. Key to this is a continued focus on the economy, so that St. Helens residents are able to access good quality jobs that raise their living standards, whilst also improving physical and mental health. 4.12.3 It is anticipated that the English Cities Fund Regeneration Partnership and the Council's successful Town Deal funding bid will also assist in the post COVID-19 economic recovery.	As a factual update following the Council entering into a strategic partnership with the English Cities Fund in a post COVID19 economy. Inspectors consider this additional proposed text to be a main modification	INSP003, paragraph 75

MM013	32	LPA04 Reasoned Justification – new paragraph after 4.12.13	4.12.14 To ensure the development of the proposed employment allocations for the identified employment uses, the Council will require any applications for alternative uses to demonstrate that the site has been marketed for employment use on the open market for a minimum period of 18 months. Only after this period, and subject to 	Considered that the inclusion of a specified marketing period would make Policy LPA04 more effective.	INSP003, paragraph 77 SHBC001, paragraph 77, p44
MM014	23	LPA02 Reasoned Justification Paragraph 4.6.11	"4.6.11 New employment development falling within use classes B1, B2 and B8 <u>and for light industrial, offices</u> <u>and research and development uses</u> will be primarily"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E. Policy wording change required to reflect this to ensure policy effectiveness.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM015	29	LPA04 Criterion 5 a)	"a) the land or building (or any part of it) is no longer suitable and economically viable for B1 B2, or B8 <u>or</u> <u>light industrial, offices and research</u> <u>and development</u> use <u>s</u> in accordance with the"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79

MM016	30	LPA04 Criterion 6	"Proposals for the re-use, re- configuration or re-development for B1, B2, or B8 <u>or light industrial, offices</u> <u>and research and development</u> uses of land or buildings used for B1, B2, or B8 <u>or light industrial, offices and</u> <u>research and development</u> uses (including where"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM017	32	LPA04 Reasoned Justification Paragraph 4.12.2	"development needs within the B1 (business), B2 (general industrial), and B8 (storage and distribution) use classes and for light industrial, offices and research and development uses during the Plan period"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM018	31	Policy LPA04 Table 4.1 'Appropriate Use(s)' column For allocations 9EA, 10EA and 11EA	For these sites, appropriate uses will read: " B1 light industrial, offices and research and development, B2, B8"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM019	33	Policy LPA04 Table 4.2 ' <i>Employment</i> <i>Type</i> ' Column	" B1 (a) Office" " B1 (b) Research and d D evelopment" " B1 (c) Light Industry"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM020	34	LPA04 Reasoned Justification Paragraph 4.12.11	 " The draft SHELMA also assesses the need for B1light industrial, offices and research and development, B2 and for smaller scale B8 development (of less than 	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79

			9,000m ²). Unlike those …"		
MM021	34	LPA04 Reasoned Justification Para 4.12.12	" meet the Borough's needs for B1 <u>light industrial, offices and research</u> <u>and development</u> , B2 and small scale B8 uses and a substantial"	Class B1 uses are now subsumed into the new Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM022	73	LPB01 Criterion 3	"refused unless they would be to Class A1 retail use or a main town centre use or uses that would contribute positively to the overall vitality and viability of the centre."	Class A1 now included in Use Class E.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM023	75	LPB01 Reasoned Justification Para 5.3.10	^t The first preference for the location of new retail <u>Class E and Sui Generis retail main</u> town centre uses development is within the Primary Shopping Area. Proposals for retail <u>Class E and Sui Generis retail main</u> town centre uses that are "	uses are now included in Use Classes E and Sui Generis.	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79
MM024	163	LPD10 Reasoned Justification Para 8.30.2	8.30.2 Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Policy LPD10 cover food and drink uses within Classes A3 to A5 Class E and Sui Generis uses, of the Use Classes Order i.e., restaurants and cafes, drinking establishments and hot food takeaways. Paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Policy relate solely to proposals for hot food takeaways falling within uU se Class A5-Sui Generis. The policy does not apply to shops within Use Class <u>E</u>	Use Classes A1, A3 & A5 all now fall within Use Classes E and Sui Generis	INSP003, paragraphs 78 and 79 SHBC001, paragraphs 78 and 79

			A1 that sell food for consumption off the premises.		
MM025	73	LPB01 Criterion 3	3. Proposals for the change of use of units in the Primary Retail Frontages Shopping Area in St Helens Town Centre will be refused unless they would be to <u>a</u> Class A1 retail use or another main town centre use or uses that would contribute positively to the overall vitality and viability of the centre. Development proposals within the Primary and Secondary Frontages that would not result in an active ground floor use with a window display frontage will be refused.	To align with the NPPF.	INSP003, paragraph 82 SHBC001, paragraph 82, p50
MM026	75	LPB01 Reasoned Justification Paragraph 5.3.9	5.39 To guide the application of the policies concerning main town centre uses, a Primary Shopping Area and Primary and Secondary Retail Frontages have been identified in line with the definitions in the NPPF (see Appendix 11)	To align with the NPPF.	INSP003, paragraph 82 SHBC001, paragraph 82, p50
MM027	76	LPB01 Reasoned Justification Paragraphs 5.3.13 – 5.3.14	5.3.13 The Primary Retail Frontages are areas where there should be a particular focus on retail uses. This is because such uses are a key driver of footfall and help to draw shoppers into the centre. Proposals for non-retail uses in these frontages will be resisted unless their approval would be	To align with the NPPF.	INSP003, paragraph 82 SHBC001, paragraph 82, p50

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			consistent with the aim of maintaining and enhancing the overall functionality, vitality and viability of the town centre. Specific considerations to be taken into account when assessing such proposals in the Primary Retail Frontage include the existing proportion of retail uses, the nature of the proposed use and the location of the unit affected within the Primary Retail Frontage.		
			provide greater opportunities for a diversity of uses such as restaurants, cinemas and non-retail business uses such as banks, estate agents and other services. The Council will resist proposals within the primary or secondary frontages that would result in the loss of an active ground floor use with open display windows.		
MM028	Separate Document	Policies Map	Remove Primary and Secondary Frontages area designations	To align with the NPPF.	INSP003, paragraph 82 SHBC001, paragraph 82, p51
MM029	284	Appendix 11 St Helens Town Centre Plan	Remove Primary and Secondary Frontages area designations	To align with the NPPF.	INSP003, paragraph 82 SHBC001, paragraph 82, p51
MM030	183	Glossary	Primary and secondary frontages: Primary frontages are likely to include a high proportion of retail uses which may include food, drinks, clothing and	To align with the NPPF.	INSP003, paragraph 82 SHBC001, paragraph 82, p51

MM031 Formerly AM094	73	LPB01 New Criterion 2	 household goods. Secondary frontages provide greater opportunities for a diversity of uses such as restaurants, cinemas and businesses 2. The English Cities Fund Regeneration Partnership will help deliver a comprehensive redevelopment of the Town Centre and Central Spatial Area, including new commercial activity, upgraded infrastructure, the provision of quality housing, and the overall improvement of the social and economic viability of the area. 	As a factual update following the Council entering into a strategic partnership with the English Cities Fund.	INSP003, paragraph 83
MM032 Formerly AM096-97	75	Policy LPB01, Reasoned Justification, paragraphs 5.3.6 and 5.3.8	thematic initiatives to deliver this. <u>In</u> January 2020 the Council successfully	As a factual update following the Council's bid to secure additional funding as part of the Town Deal initiative.	INSP003, paragraph 83

			referred to in the Strategy, has been identified due to the potential to reconfigure and / or redevelop land and premises close to Church Square and Chalon Way for suitable town centre uses. <u>To support this</u> <u>initiative and to assist in the</u> <u>regeneration of the area, the Council is</u> <u>entering into a regeneration partnership</u> <u>with the English Cities Fund to deliver a</u> <u>comprehensive redevelopment of the</u> <u>Town Centre (and wider borough on a</u> <u>phased basis).</u>	partnership with the English Cities Fund.	
MM033 Formerly AM098-100	77	Policy LPB02 "Earlestown Centre", criterion 4	4. The delivery and implementation of a Council-led strategy to provide a framework for the future regeneration and development of the town centre will be supported. <u>The English Cities Fund</u> <u>Regeneration Partnership will help</u> <u>deliver a mix of residential, leisure,</u> <u>business and retail development all</u> <u>centred around the Town Centre.</u>	As a factual update following the Council entering into a strategic partnership with the English Cities Fund.	INSP003, paragraph 83
	78	Reasoned Justification, paragraph 5.6.3	5.6.3 The Council will seek to safeguard and build upon this important role and function by applying the 'town centre first' approach to ensure that Earlestown remains the Borough's second centre providing a highly sustainable location for retail and other services. <u>Through its</u> partnership with the English Cities Fund	As a factual update following the Council entering into a strategic partnership with the English Cities Fund.	

	78	Reasoned Justification, paragraph 5.6.8	 the Council will work towards creating a mix of residential, leisure, business and retail development all centred around the Town Centre. 5.6.8 To provide a focus for future development of the town centre and positively promote Earlestown as a location to live, through the English Cities Fund Regeneration Partnership, the Council and its partners intend to bring forward a dedicated Town Centre strategy, 	As a factual update following the Council entering into a strategic partnership with the English Cities Fund.	
MM034 (In part, this was formerly AM087)	84	LPC02	2. Proposals for new open market housing developments of 11– <u>10</u> units or more <u>, or</u> when the number of units is not known, sites of 0.5ha or more, will be required to	To ensure the Plan is compliant with the latest version of the NPPF, and accommodates circumstances where the number of dwellings is unknown.	INSP003, paragraph 87
MM035 Formerly AM039-42	54	Policy LPA07: "Transport and Travel", criterion 2	2. All proposals for new development that would generate significant amounts of transport movement must be supported by a Transport Assessment or Transport Statement <u>, the scope of which must be</u> agreed by the Council.	For clarity.	INSP003, paragraph 100
	55	Criterion 4	4. To minimise air and noise pollution and carbon emissions, non-residential forms of development that would generate a significant amount of transport movement	To include requirement for travel plans to be implemented, in line with the comments of	

		by employees or visitors must be supported by suitably formulated Travel Plans. <u>Conditions and/or legal</u> <u>agreements will be used to ensure that</u> <u>Travel Plans submitted in such cases</u> <u>are fully implemented and monitored.</u> "	Highways England (representation reference RO0919).	
55	Criterion 6	6. Direct access from new development on to the Strategic Road Network will only be permitted <u>as a last resort</u> , where agreed by Highways England <u>and where the</u> <u>necessary levels of transport</u> <u>accessibility and safety could not be</u> <u>more suitably provided by other means</u> .	In the interests of clarity, and to accord with the comments of Highways England (representation reference RO0919)	
57	New Paragraph 4.27.8A	"Proposed Major Road Network As part of the Transport Investment Strategy published in 2017, the Government committed to creating a Major Road Network (MRN). Draft proposals were issued for consultation, outlining how a new MRN would help the Government deliver a number of objectives, including supporting housing delivery and economic growth. The creation of an MRN will allow for dedicated funding from the National Roads Fund to be used to improve this middle tier of the busiest and most economically important local authority	To include reference to the proposed major road network in line with the comments of Highways England (representation reference RO0919)	

MM036	131		 'A' roads. Parts of the A58 and A570, and the whole of the length of the A580 which falls in St Helens, have been proposed for inclusion in the MRN. 1. The Council will seek to ensure that 	Inspector	INSP004, paragraph 9
		Criterion 1	the Borough of St.Helens provides a steady and adequate supply of minerals to contribute towards <u>local.</u> regional and national needs. To minimise the	recommendation to accord with NPPF (paragraph 204)	
MM037	101	and Geological Conservation	 In accordance with NPPF Paragraph 171, the Council is committed to ensuring the protection and enhancement of St Helen's biodiversity and geological asset and interests. In order to do this, the Council will have regard to the following hierarchy of nature Conservation sites when making planning decisions, according to their designation as follows: International and European Sites Sites of Special Scientific Interest Local Wildlife Sites Local Geological Sites Priority Habitat(s) Impact on Legal Protected Species and/or priority Species 	No need to repeat national policy, make policy more effective and only include Borough level implications.	INSP004, paragraph 13 SHBC002, q7 response, p7

	rarchy of sites and
habitats are foun	d in the Borough:
i) <u>Interna</u>	tional
Functionally Li	nked Land (FLL) for
	nal nature importance
	including the Ribble
	Special Protection
Area (SPA), Marti	n Mere SPA, the
Mersey Estuary S	PA, Liverpool Bay
SPA.	
ii) Nation	al
Sites of national	nature importance.
	s Borough include 2
Sites of Special S	
	adow and Highfield
Moss	
iii) <u>Local</u>	
Sites of local na	ture and geological
importance, whic	h in St.Helens Borough
include Local Nat	ure Reserves (LNRs),
	es (LWSs) and Local
Geology Sites (L	
In addition, priori	ty habitats and
	Ily protected species.
1. 2. Development	that is likely to have a
significant effect (e	
	ther plans or projects)

	on one or more internationally important	
	site(s), including any areas of supporting	
	habitat that are functionally linked to the	
	site(s), must be accompanied by sufficient	
	evidence to enable the Council to make a	
	Habitats Regulations Assessment. Adverse	
	effects should be avoided, or where this is	
	not possible, be mitigated to protect the	
	integrity of the site(s). Development that	
	would adversely affect the integrity of one	
	or more internationally important site(s) will	
	only be permitted where there are no	
	alternative solutions or and there are	
	imperative reasons of overriding public	
	interest, and where suitable compensatory	
	provision has been made. Any mitigation or	
	compensatory provision must be assessed	
	in a project-related Habitats Regulations	
	Assessment and be fully functional before	
	any likely adverse effect arises.	
	2. <u>3.</u> Development that would cause	
	significant harm to a Site of Special	
	Scientific Interest (SSSI), Local Wildlife	
	Site, Local Nature Reserve, Local	
	Geological Site, Priority Habitat(s), legally	
	Protected Species and / or Priority	
	Species, without adequate mitigation	
	that would not be adequately mitigated or	
	as a last resort compensated, will be	
	refused.	
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3. <u>4.</u> Development that would be likely to
cause any harm to ecological or geological
interests will only be permitted in:
a) Sites of Special Scientific
Interest where there are no
alternatives and where the
benefits of the development
would clearly outweigh any
harm to the nature
conservation value of the site
and its broader contribution to
the Liverpool City Region
(LCR) ecological network; and
b) Local Sites (Local Wildlife
Sites, Local Nature Reserves
and Local Geological Sites)
and Priority Habitats: where the
benefits of the development
would clearly outweigh any
harm to the nature
conservation value of the site
(or Priority Habitat) and its
broader contribution to the LCR
Ecological Network.
Mitigation, replacement or other
compensatory provision

	4. <u>5.</u> Where necessary to avoid harm, appropriate mitigation, replacement or other compensatory provision will be required. The location of such measures will be targeted, using the following sequential approach (with (a) being the	
	preferred approach and (d) being the least preferred):	
	a) on the development site;	
	 b) locations within the immediate locality and /or supporting LCR Ecological Network; 	
	c) locations that fall within the LCR Nature Improvement Area and within the Borough; and lastly	
	d) locations that fall within the LCR Nature Improvement Area but outside the Borough.	
	Evidence requirements	
	5. <u>6.</u> Development proposals that would affect a designated nature conservation site, Priority Habitat(s), legally protected species or Priority Species must be supported by an Ecological Appraisal and include details of any necessary avoidance, mitigation and / or	
		1

	compensation propo		
	proposed managem	ent measures.	
	6. Designated sites	are shown on the	
	Policies Map and Pli		
	apply to any other si		
	11,5	e Plan period as being	
	of nature conservation		
		ed as compensation.	
102	7.6.1 The Liverpool	City Region (LCR)	
Justi		s a Core Biodiversity	
		ature and geological	
	sites, Priority Habita		
	and stepping stone l		
	11 0	Area (NIA) identifies	
	-	ner habitat restoration,	
	• •	nent, focussed within	
		ent Focus Areas, 2 of	
		holly or in part within	
		The following hierarchy	
	of sites and habitats	e ,	
	Borough:		
	Ū Ū		
		Linked Land (FLL) for	
		ational nature	
		European Sites)	
	0	Ribble and Alt	
	•	ecial Protection Area	
		Here SPA, the	
	Mersey Estu	ary SPA, Liverpool Bay	

SPA and the Manchester Mosses Special Area of Conservation;	
Encoded Area of Concernations	
Special Area of Conservation,	
Other of motion of motions	
Sites of national nature	
importance, which in St.Helens	
Borough include 2 Sites of Special	
Scientific Interest;	
Sites of local nature and	
geological importance, which in	
St.Helens Borough include Local	
Nature Reserves (LNRs), Local	
Wildlife Sites (LWSs) and Local	
Geology Sites (LGSs)	
 Priority habitat and species, and 	
legally protected species.	
7.6.2 Policy LPC06 sets out how sites,	
habitats and species within this hierarchy	
will be protected and managed with the	
objective of ensuring that there will be no	
net loss of the ecological resource. The	
policy will also guide how appropriate	
mitigation, replacement or other	
compensation measures should be	
identified.	
Nationally and locally important sites and	
species	
7.6.6 Paragraphs 3-4 of Policy LPC06 set	
out the requirements for development that	

woul	d affect nationally and loca	lly	
impo	ortant sites and species, inc	luding how	
	benefits from such develop		
	hed against its impact on n		
	ervation interests and the		
	ork as a whole.		
l			
7.6.7	As at October 2020, ther	e are	
seve	n LNRs in St Helens Bor	ough	
	ch collectively cover an a		
	ares these are listed belo		
Loca	al Nature Reserves in St H	<u>lelens</u>	
LNF	R	O/S Grid R	
	nley Bank	SJ534,971	
<u></u>			
Sid	ing Lane	SD463,020	
	atto Heath Meadows	SJ508,936	
Par	r Hall Millennium	SJ527,961	
Gre			
	liers Moss Common	SJ543,939	
	orth)		
<u></u>			
Clir	nkham Wood	SJ515,980	
	Brow consisting of:		
	Wood	SJ486,955	
	Brook Parish Nature	SJ488,957	
	serve		
	elens Borough includes 1		
Wild	life Sites. These are Liste	ed in	

Appendix B of the Nature Conservation	
SPD.	
7.6.78 For Sites of Special Scientific	
Interest, significant harm includes adverse	
effects on the site's notified special interest	
features. The advice of suitably competent	
persons should be sought by applicants	
and the decision maker in relation to this	
policy. The focus of significant harm and	
the approach regarding avoidance,	
mitigation, replacement or other	
compensatory provision to secure no net	
loss of biodiversity is in line with principles	
set out in the NPPF, Planning Practice	
Guidance 06/2005 Biodiversity and	
Geological Conservation, and Biodiversity	
2020: A strategy for England's wildlife and	
ecosystems services.	
7.6.8 The Council and other public bodies	
have a duty, under Section 40 of the	
Natural Environment and Rural	
Communities (NERC) Act 2006 to	
conserve biodiversity when carrying out	
their normal functions. This duty includes	
Priority Habitats and Species, that are	
defined as "habitats and species of	
principal importance" for the conservation	
of biodiversity in England. The Secretary of	
State has identified, in accordance with	
Section 41 of the Act, 65 Priority Habitats	
and 1,150 Priority Species. Priority habitats	
and i, iou Fhomy opecies. Phony habitats	

			sit outside the hierarchy of designated sites and may be of national (e.g., ancient woodland) or local importance. 7.6.9 The Priority Species in St.Helens		
MM038	48	LPA05.1, criterion 2f	 f) a Green Infrastructure Plan addressing biodiversity, geodiversity, greenways (including any proposed new greenways as referred to in policy LPC07), ecological network, landscape character, trees, woodlands and water storage in a holistic and integrated way. 	To make Policies LPC07 and LPA05.1 more effective in relation to the referenced new Greenways.	INSP004, paragraph 14 SHBC002, q8, p14
MM039	106	LPC07	" <u>3) The Council will support the</u> expansion of the Greenway network, including through the provision of new routes, such as those set out in Figure 7.2, subject to the availability of funding and other feasibility requirements being met."	To make Policy LPC07 more effective in relation to the referenced new Greenways.	INSP004, paragraph 14 SHBC002, q8, p15
MM040	Separate document	Policies Map	Add the potential new Greenway routes shown on Figure 7.2 of the LPSD onto the Policies Map indicatively.	To make Policy LPC07 more effective.	INSP004, paragraph 14 SHBC002, q8, p14
MM041	110	LPC09, Reasoned Justification, paragraph 7.15.1	7.15.1 The NPPF states that the planning system planning policies and decisions should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by protecting and enhancing valued landscapes recognising the intrinsic character	Inspector recommendation to confirm intentions to identify any valued landscapes	INSP004, paragraph 16 SHBC002, q9, p15

			and beauty of the countryside and the wider benefits from natural capital".		
MM042	112	LPC10 Section 6	6. Development proposals <u>should</u> must be designed and laid out in a manner that would <u>retain</u> not damage or destroy any tree subject to	Inspector recommended wording	INSP004, paragraph 17 SHBC002, paragraph 17, p15
MM043	116	LPC11: Historic Environment	 3. <u>The impact of development proposals</u> on the significance of heritage assets and their settings will be considered in accordance with case law, legislation and the National Planning Policy Framework. 3.<u>4.</u> Development proposals that would lead to substantial harm to (or total loss of significance of) a designated heritage asset will be refused permission unless it can be demonstrated that: a) the substantial harm or total loss is necessary to achieve substantial public benefits that outweigh that harm or total loss; or b) all the other exceptions set out in paragraph 195 of the National Planning 	NPPF	INSP004, paragraphs 19 and 20 SHBC002, paragraph 20

Policy Framework (or any	
successor national policy that	
supersedes this	
norograph) apply	
paragraph) apply.	
4. Where a development would lead to less	
than substantial harm to the significance of	
a designated heritage asset, this harm	
should be weighed against any public	
benefits of the proposal including, where	
appropriate, securing its optimum viable	
use.	
5. Development involving harm to or loss of	
any non-designated heritage asset (such	
as any building identified on a Local List	
prepared by the Council) will <u>only</u> be	
permitted where the benefits are	
considered sufficient to outweigh the	
harm, having regard to the scale of the	
harm and the significance of the	
heritage asset. refused unless any public	
benefit from the development would	
outweigh such harm or loss.	
6. Development and other works will be	
required to preserve or enhance the	
appearance, character and setting of all	
heritage assets (whether designated	

or not) by using good design and	
appropriate materials, detailing, scale,	
massing, siting, layout and landscaping.	
7 <u>6</u> . Where the complete or partial loss of	
any heritage asset is justified, the asset's	
significance must be recorded to a	
standard agreed by the Council and made	
publicly available.	
Areas of archaeological interest	
8 7. Any development proposal that may	
affect one or more asset(s) of	
archaeological interest (whether	
designated or not) must include an	
appropriate desk-based assessment and	
where necessary a field evaluation,	
carried out by a suitably qualified	
person(s). Such evidence should identify	
any likely features of archaeological interest within or close to the site and how	
these would be affected by the proposal.	
98. Development proposals affecting	
archaeological remains may be required	
(depending on the significance of the	
remains) to preserve the remains in situ or	

to secure the appropriate excavation and	
recording of the significance of the remains	
by a suitably qualified person.	
Other implementation measures	
10 0 The Council will:	
10 9. The Council will:	
a) prepare, update and promote the	
implementation of Heritage Asset	
Appraisals and Management Plans	
and give appropriate weight to these in development control	
decisions;	
b) work with partner organisations	
to interpret and educate the public	
about the heritage of the Borough;	
c) take appropriate measures to	
improve public access to heritage	
assets;	
and	
d) seek to secure the effective	
conservation and use of all heritage	
assets that are 'at Risk' within the	
Borough.	

MM044	121	LPC12	Flood Risk	No need to repeat	INSP004, paragraph 21
			1. The impact of development proposals	national policy and	
				guidance	SHBC002, paragraph
			on flood risk and water management		21, p19
			assets will be considered in accordance		
			with case law, legislation and the		
			National Planning Policy Framework.		
			1. Any development proposal that may		
			either be at risk of flooding or cause a		
			material increase in flood risk elsewhere		
			will only be permitted if the flooding issues		
			have been fully assessed and any		
			identified risks would be appropriately		
			mitigated. Any assessment and mitigation		
			should have regard to:		
			onould have regula to.		
			a) the St.Helens Strategic Flood Risk		
			Assessment;		
			b) advice and guidance from relevant		
			bodies including the Environment Agency		
			and Lead Local Flood Authority; and		
			c) any relevant Surface Water		
			Management Plan or local drainage		
			strategy such as the Sankey Catchment		
			Action Plan, Mersey Estuary Catchment		
			Flood Management Plan or the North West		
			River Basin Management Plan.		
			2. All development proposals must be		
			supported by a Flood Risk Assessment		

	Ι
appropriate to their nature and scale where	
they would be:	
a) within flood zones 2 or 3; or	
h) en e site ef 4 hestere en lennen with in	
b) on a site of 1 hectare or larger within	
flood zone 1; or	
c) on a site of 0.5 hectare or larger within a	
Critical Drainage Area; or	
d) in any area identified by the Council as	
being at intermediate or high risk of surface	
•	
water flooding.	
3. New development should be located in	
accordance with a sequential approach as	
set out in national policy. Development on	
sites located in flood zones 2 or 3 will only	
be allowed if:	
a) the Sequential Test has been applied	
and demonstrates that the development	
cannot reasonably be accommodated	
within an area at lower risk of flooding;	
b) any applicable Exponition Test required	
b) any applicable Exception Test required	
by national policy has been passed; and	
c) appropriate mitigation or adaption	
measures are proposed to satisfactorily	
reduce the likelihood or impact of flooding.	
4. <u>2.</u> Measures to manage or mitigate flood	
risk associated with or caused by new	
Tok associated with or caused by new	

development must (as appropriate having regard to its scale and nature): a) be designed to contribute to the biodiversity of the Borough unless it has been demonstrated that this would not be technically feasible; b) protect heritage assets (such as buried archaeology); c) be fully described in the development proposal; and d) be funded by the developer, including long-term maintenance.	
5.3. Any proposal for major development ⁵⁶ on a site that would abut, run alongside or straddle any watercourse ⁵⁷ in the Borough, must include measures to temporarily attenuate and filter flood water in order to: improve water quality; reduce peak flows during flooding; and reduce downstream flood risk, unless it has been demonstrated that this is not feasible or viable. In cases where measures are not currently feasible or viable, the development must not compromise the ability to implement such measures in the future.	

	6. <u>4.</u> The Flood Water Storage	
	Safeguarding Areas as defined on the	
	Policies Map shall be safeguarded for the	
	provision of flood storage. Development	
	within or adjacent to these areas that would	
	have a negative impact on their function as	
	a flood storage area or on their potential to	
	be developed for flood storage	
	infrastructure will not be permitted.	
	Water Quality	
	7. <u>5.</u> Development that would adversely	
	affect the quality or quantity of water in any	
	watercourse or of groundwater or cause	
	deterioration in water body or element	
	classification levels defined in the Water	
	Framework Directive (WFD) (or in any	
	national regulations covering this matter)	
	will not be permitted. Any planning	
	application for development that could	
	(without effective mitigation) cause such	
	harm must be supported by a Construction	
	Management Plan that sets out how the	
	water environment will be protected during	
	the construction process.	
	Sustainable Drainage Systems	
	8- <u>6-</u> -Major developments should	
	incorporate sustainable drainage systems	

unless there is clear evidence that this	
would be inappropriate. Inclusion of	
sustainable drainage systems within	
proposed major development sites will	
be assessed in accordance with	
national policy. Surface water should be	
managed in accordance with the following	
hierarchy (with a) being the preferred	
option and d) being the least favourable	
option):	
a) an adequate soakaway or other form of	
infiltration system;	
b) an attenuated discharge to watercourse;	
a) an attenuated discharge to public	
c) an attenuated discharge to public	
surface water sewer;	
d) an attenuated discharge to public	
combined sewer.	
9.7. Surface water management	
infrastructure within new developments	
should, where feasible, include above	
ground features designed to deliver	
benefits to biodiversity and / or landscape.	
10. <u>8.</u> Discharge of surface water to a public	
sewer will not be permitted unless clear	
evidence has been submitted	
demonstrating why no suitable alternative	
demonstrating why no suitable alternative	

	option(s) exist. Development proposals	
	should identify how any necessary surface	
	water drainage infrastructure will be	ł
	appropriately maintained. The drainage	
	proposals on all sites should be designed	
	to address the drainage needs of the whole	
	site. Where development would proceed in	
	different phases or with multiple developers	
	involved, the drainage proposals should	l
	cover all phases and the full construction	l
	period.	l
		ł
		ł
	11.9. If a development on a green-field site	ł
	would discharge to a public sewer, the	
	rates of proposed discharge (peak flow and	l
	overall volume) from the development	l
	should not exceed the existing green-field	
	run-off rates. If a development on a	l
	previously developed site would discharge	
	to a public sewer, the discharge rates	
	(peak flow and overall volume) must be as	ł
	close as reasonably practicable to those	ł
	that would apply if the site were a green-	ł
	field site. As a guideline, a reduction of at	ł
	least 30% may be sought, rising to at least	ł
	50% in Critical Drainage Areas or in areas	ł
	identified as having an intermediate or high	ł
	risk of surface water flooding. Storm water	ł
	storage capacity should normally include	ł
	an allowance of 40% to address the likely	ł
	future effects of climate change.	ł
		I

			12.10. Proposals for the soft or hard landscaping of any development site should, where practicable, demonstrably reduce the expected rate of surface water discharge from the site, for example through the use of permeable surfaces. 13.11. Applicants for planning permission should have regard to the St.Helens Council Sustainable Drainage Systems Guidance.		
			Protection of water and waste water assets 14. <u>12.</u> Development that would compromise the physical integrity or the effective maintenance of any water or waste water infrastructure asset will not be permitted.		
MM045	129	LPC13, Reasoned Justification, paragraph 7.27.5	7.27.5 The Liverpool City Region Renewable Energy Capacity Study 2010 assessed the scope for large scale wind and other forms of renewable energy generation across the City Region. Although it identified some areas of search for wind energy development, none of these were in St.Helens Borough. The Council	To ensure policy wording aligns with national policy on wind energy development	INSP004, paragraph 22 SHBC002, paragraph 22, p23

MM046	140		acknowledges however that some forms of wind energy development may be acceptable within the Borough. In such cases the applicant would need to demonstrate that their development is technically feasible and acceptable taking into account factors such as wind speed, environmental and landscape designations and proximity to sensitive receptors such as residential properties and heritage assets. All proposals will be expected to comply with all relevant criteria set out in Policy LPC13, other policies of this Plan and national policy. All proposals for development will be expected, as appropriate having to their scale, location and nature, to meet or exceed the following requirements: 1. Quality of the Built Environment	Consideration should be given to local distinctiveness and the role of good design	INSP004, paragraphs 24-28 SHBC002, paragraphs 24-28, pages 23-26
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	a) Maintain or enhance the character	
	and appearance of the local	
	environment <u>, with a focus on the</u>	
	importance of local distinctiveness.	
	as well as using good design to	
	improve the quality of areas that	
	may have become run down and be	
	in need of regeneration, for example	
	with regard to the siting, layout,	
	massing, scale, design and materials	
	used in any building work, the building-	
	to-plot ratio and landscaping;	
	 b) Avoid causing <u>unacceptable</u> harm to the amenities of the local area and surrounding residential and other land uses and occupiers; c) Ensure that the occupiers of new developments will enjoy a <u>high</u> an 	Wording changes to make the policy effective Modify to ensure consistency with NPPF
	 appropriate standard of amenity and will not be <u>unacceptably</u> adversely affected by neighbouring uses and vice versa; d) Link 	

			 h) Encourage the inclusion of, Include or contribute a contribution to, the provision of public art with in appropriate schemes circumstances (for example where the development would be of a substantial size and / or in a prominent gateway or town centre location); i) Provide for the needs of special groups in the community such as the elderly and those with disabilities as identified in Policy LPC01; and j) Protect the On the basis that the effects of requiring contributions to public art on viability have not been assessed Cross reference to Policy LPC01 would be useful as it provides the specific requirements.
MM047	144	LPD02	6. avoid causing unjustified harm to the character or setting of any listed building(s), conservation area(s) or any other designated or non-designated heritage asset, ensure heritage assets are treated in accordance with Policy LPC11 to support the Council's ambition to promote the conservation and enhancement of the Borough's heritage assets and their settings in a mannerTo ensure consistency between Policy LPD02 and the other policies in the Plan.INSP004, paragraph 29SHBC002, paragraph 29, p26SHBC002, paragraph 29, p26SHBC002, paragraph 29, p26

			appropriate to their significance;		
			 7. <u>consider the Borough's</u> <u>environmental assets (including, but</u> <u>not limited to, biodiversity and</u> <u>associated habitats, landscapes,</u> <u>trees, woodland and hedgerows) in</u> <u>accordance with policies LPC06,</u> <u>LPC08, LPC09 and LPC10</u> avoid <u>causing harm to any important natural</u> <u>habitat, historic or other important</u> <u>landscape, mature tree(s), hedgerow,</u> <u>wildlife habitat, pond or watercourse,</u> and where practicable incorporate positive aspects of these features into 		
MM048	149	LPD04	its design and layout; 2. There would be no significant adverse	To make clear to the	INSP004, paragraph 30
		Criterions 2 and 4 Criterion 4	impact on the <u>living conditions</u> amenity of any occupiers of neighbouring properties caused by overlooking , loss of privacy or reduction of daylight <u>/ sunlight</u> to habitable rooms or garden areas; 4 off road parking <u>or</u> lack of visibility or impact on the safety and free flow of traffic;	decision maker	SHBC002, paragraph 30, p26
MM049	162	LPD10	1. Proposals for food and drink uses (including restaurants, cafes, drinking establishments and the sale of hot food for consumption off the premises) <u>which</u> <u>consist of new built development or</u>	Consideration for the implications of the changes to the use Classes Order	INSP004, paragraph 33 and SHBC002 q13, pages 27-28

restaurants and cafes, drinking establishments and hot food takeaways. Paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Policy relate
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¹ The Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Amendment) (England) Regulations 2020 2 Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended)

			solely to proposals for hot food takeaways falling within use Class A5. The policy does not apply to shops within Use Class A1 that sell food for consumption off the premises.		
MM050	189-190	Appendix 2	Delete Appendix 2	Concerns that some categories listed in Appendix 2 do not comprise infrastructure, and would not be expected to be supported by developer contributions in accordance with LPA08.	INSP004, paragraph 35 SHBC002, paragraph 35, pages 28-29
MM051	62	LPA09	1. Green Infrastructure in St Helens Borough comprises a network of multi- functional natural assets, including green space, trees, woodlands, mosslands, grasslands and wetlands, located within urban, semi-urban and countryside <u>rural</u> areas"	For clarity, and improve the policy wording.	INSP004, paragraphs 36-38 SHBC002, paragraphs 36-38, p29
		Reasoned justification, paragraph 4.33.2	4.33.2 The Green Infrastructure network <u>can</u> includes, (in addition to urban greenspaces, trees, and water bodies etc,.) the countryside <u>rural areas</u> around the towns <u>in accordance with section 1 of</u> <u>Policy LPA09, the definition of Green</u> <u>Infrastructure in the Glossary of the</u> <u>Plan and the NPPF.</u> , which accounts for around 50% of the Borough's land area.	For clarity to improve the definition of GI and ensure consistency between the reasoned justification, policy, Plan glossary and NPPF.	

			This is predominantly productive farmland. The importance of countryside around the Borough's more urban locations was recognised by the pilot study Countryside In and Around Townsundertaken with the Countryside Agency (now Natural England) in 2006. In implementing Policy LPA09 (in both urban and rural areas) the Council will seek to liaise closely with, and where necessary work in partnership with, landowners".		
MM052	62	LPA09, section 4	 4 Development that would result in the loss, fragmentation or isolation of green infrastructure assets will be refused. The only exception to this will be where it has been demonstrated that: a) appropriate protection or retention of Green Infrastructure assets cannot be achieved; b) the development would bring benefits that would over-ride the resultant harm; and c) there are no realistic alternatives to the proposed development that would avoid such harm. In such cases, mitigation, for example, in the form of incorporating the identified Green Infrastructure 	Further clarification needed	INSP004, paragraph 38 SHBC002, q14, p30

			assets into the scheme design and		
			layout through a masterplanning		
			process to maintain the key Green		
			Infrastructure assets and		
			<u>connections</u> , and / or as a last resort		
			compensatory provision will be		
			required.		
MM053	146	LPD03, section 1		Further clarification	INSP004, paragraph 44
1010000			a) in the area; or	needed on when open	inter oot, paragraph ++
			b) the development would generate a	space may need to be	SHBC002, paragraph
			need for open space that cannot be	provided.	44, p44
			satisfactorily or fully met by existing		
			provision in the area-; or		
			<u>c) it is appropriate to provide certain</u>		
			typologies of open space as part of		
			the design to create a visually		
			attractive development.		
	00	_	7.3.11 Where new residential		
	99	Reasoned		Further clarification	
		Justification, paragraph 7.3.11	development would result in a	needed on when open	
		paragraph 7.5.11	deficiency of open space or sports and	space may need to be provided.	
			recreation facilities in the locality, or be	provided.	
			in a location where a deficiency already		
			exists, it will be expected to include		
			new, expanded or enhanced open		
			space provision in accordance with		
			Policy LPD03 (Open Space and		
			Residential Development). Any		
			requirement for new sports facilities will		
			be additional to this. Further, even		

			where there is considered to be sufficient open space in quantitative terms, larger residential developments may be expected to provide certain types of open space (such as play areas for children and young people and amenity green space) to provide visual relief as part of an attractive and well		
MM054	146	LPD03, addition of new section 3	designed developmentb) the quantity, accessibility and qualityof existing provision in the area.3. Provision for outdoor sportsfacilities will be achieved throughcontributions to enhance existingfacilities or the provision of newfacilities, which will be informed bythe Council's latest Playing PitchStrategy and Action Plan.3.4. The required amount of openspaceSubsequent policy paragraphs to bere-numbered.	Make policy more effective through inclusion of reference to outdoor sports facilities provision.	INSP004, paragraph 46 SHBC002, paragraph 46, p31
	147	Reasoned justification, paragraph 8.9.5	8.9.5 The requirements of Policy LPD03 concerning open space are in addition to any requirements for outdoor sports facilities such as playing	Reference to outdoor sports facilities is now included in the policy, so this paragraph is no longer relevant.	

MM055	99-100	LPC05, reasoned justification, paragraphs 7.3.11 – 7.3.12 (inclusive of Table 7.1) Monitoring	 pitches. Any requirement for outdoor sports provision that arises from new residential development will be addressed separately in accordance with Policy LPA08: Infrastructure Delivery and Funding and Policy LPC05: Open Space and Outdoor Sports Facilities. Subsequent paragraphs to be re- numbered. Remove paragraphs 7.3.11 and 7.3.12 (inclusive of Table 7.1) from the reasoned justification for Policy LPC05, and add into the reasoned justification for Policy LPD03, and adjust paragraph numbering in both Reasoned Justification sections accordingly. Table 7.1 will also need to be renamed Table 8.1 to follow the table numbering convention, and references to this table updated in the 'List of Tables' (page 2) and within the policy text of LPC05 and LPD03. See Annex 6 for proposed 	To reflect above change and tidy up format of document.	INSP004, paragraph 52
CCUIVIIVI	190-210	Framework	modifications.	improvements to monitoring framework	nioruu4, paragraph 52

MM056	31	LPA04/Table 4.1	Remove sites 2EA, 3EA, 10EA	Sites already developed/under	INSP005, paragraph 5
	37	LPA04.1, section 1	 1EA: Omega South Western, Land north of Finches Plantation, Bold; 2EA:Land at Florida Florida Farm North, Slag Lane, Haydock 6EA: Land west of 	construction. No longer need to allocate them	SHBC005, Matter 4, p3
	41	LPA05/Table 4.5	Remove site 3HA		
MM057	222	Appendix 5, site 5EA profile	LPSD Appendix 5 site profile for 5EA is updated in Annex 1 of this document to reflect the necessary access requirements.	To ensure adequate site access	INSP005, paragraph 6 SHBC005, q1, pages 3-4
MM058	223	Appendix 5 site, 6EA profile	LPSD Appendix 5 site profile for 6EA is updated in Annex 1 of this document to reflect the necessary access requirements.	To ensure adequate site access and potential for link between sites 5EA and 6EA	INSP005, paragraph 6 SHBC005, q3, p4
MM059	223	Appendix 5 site profile for 6EA	LPSD Appendix 5 site profile for 6EA is updated in Annex 1 with an additional requirement.	To ensure the Plan mitigates the development of this site in respect of ribbon development and separation of settlements.	INSP005, paragraph 8 SHBC005, Q6, pages 5- 6

Additional modifications to the Proposed Local Plan Submission Draft 2020 – 2035 (LPSD)

The additional modifications below are expressed either in the form of strikethrough for deletions and <u>underlined</u> and bold for additions of text, or by specifying the modification in words.

Mod Ref No.	Page number	Current policy/ paragraph	Change (deleted text in strikethrough; new text <u>underlined</u> and bold; changes to diagrams, tables, etc. described in italic text).	Reason for Modification	Document Reference for the suggested modification
AM001	174	Glossary, 'Employment Uses definition	The Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) puts uses of land and buildings into various categories known as 'Use Classes'. This Order is periodically amended. Employment use <u>s</u> classes fall under Class B1 A, B and C (business), Class B2 (general industrial) use, and B8 (storage and distribution) use <u>classes</u> for storage or as a distribution centre. Light industrial, offices and research and development uses (formerly use classes B1a, b and c) are now part of the relatively	To reflect recent changes to the Use Classes Order regarding employment uses.	INSP003, paragraph 79

			recently created Class E.		
AM002	-	Additional Appendix	New Appendix 13 to be added setting out the policies in the Local Plan that will remain extant on adoption of the new Local Plan, and the plans that are to be superseded.	For completeness.	INSP003, paragraph 104
AM003	4	Introduction, paragraph 1.9.1	In accordance with national planning legislation, the Local Plan will be subject to regular monitoring and will be reviewed <u>at least once every</u> no more than 5 years after its date of adoption <u>to assess whether it needs</u> <u>updating, and action taken to update</u> <u>the Plan if considered necessary</u> . This will ensure that planning policies in St Helens Borough remain responsive to the development needs of the Borough.	Correction to accord with national planning policy	INSP003, Appendix 2, p30
AM004	84		The term 'affordable home ownership' as defined in Annex 2 of the National Planning Policy Framework (July 2018 February 2019) includes 'starter homes'	Correction	INSP003, Appendix 2, p30
AM005	64	Paragraph 4.33.6	4.33.6 The NPPF 2018 2019 requires development plans to	Updated NPPF reference	INSP004, Appendix

AM006	140	LPD01	All proposals for development will be expected, as appropriate having <u>regard</u> to their scale	Typographical correction	INSP004, Appendix
AM007	143	Paragraph 8.3.9	8.3.9 A coordinated approach should betaken to the use of materials and the design and siting of street furniture, boundary treatments, lighting, signage and public art, all of which contribute towards creating a sense of place. Trees and other planting appropriate to the scale of development and space available should be incorporated in order to soften the streetscace and reduce the visual impact of car parking. It is important that the landscaping and materials used within the public realm are durable and functional in order to accommodate every day and infrequent uses such as the movement of vehicles and people for the lifetime of the development. Consideration must also be given to the cost, practicalities and responsibilities for the maintenance of landscaping and materials in the long term.	To ensure the right Reasoned justification text is under correct subheading.	INSP004, Appendix
	142	New paragraph after 8.3.3	New paragraph 8.3.3 under the 'Quality of the Built Environment' sub-heading: 8.3.3 <u>A coordinated approach should</u> <u>betaken to the use of materials and the</u> <u>design and siting of street furniture,</u>	To ensure the right Reasoned justification text is under correct subheading.	

			boundary treatments, lighting, signage and public art, all of which contribute towards creating a sense of place. Trees and other planting appropriate to the scale of development and space available should be incorporated in order to soften the streetscaoe and reduce the visual impact of car parking.		
AM000	109	Deregreeh 7.12.5	Re-numbering of subsequent paragraphs in the Reasoned Justification. 7.12.5 two of which are in St.	Tupographical correction	
AM008	109	Paragraph 7.12.5	Helens Borough, namely: Knowsley and <u>St Helens</u> Sefton Mosslands; and Blackbrook and	Typographical correction	INSP004, Appendix
AM009	151	LPD05	Change policy title to: Policy LPD05: Extension, Alteration, <u>Reuse</u> or Replacement of Buildings in the Green Belt	To reflect content of policy	INSP004, Appendix
AM010	151	LPD05, section 3	The proposal would not result in a need for any additional building(s) that would	Typographical correction	INSP004, Appendix
AM011	151	LPD05, section 6	6. Vehicular access must be capable of being provided that is safe and does not lead to a need for	To remove the part of policy not relevant to Green Belt, and is covered within another policy (LPA07)	INSP004, Appendix

AM012	158		will be granted consent provided they	Improvement of policy wording to remove a double negative phrase.	INSP004, Appendix
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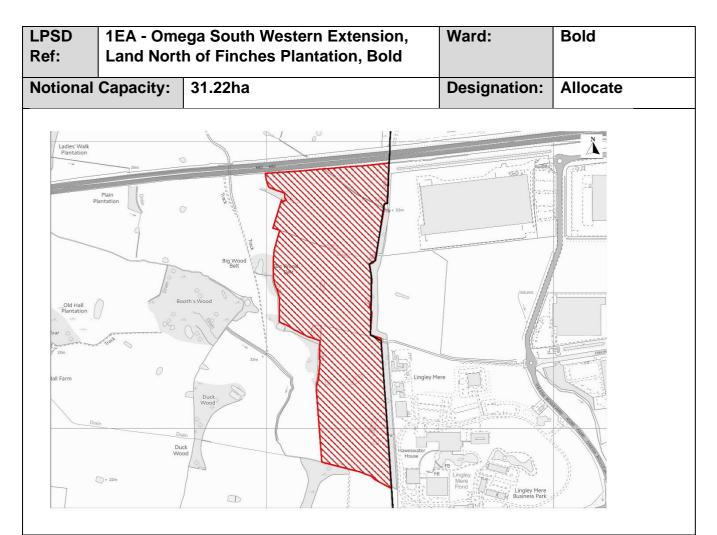
Annexes

Annex 1

Updated LPSD Appendix 5 site profiles.

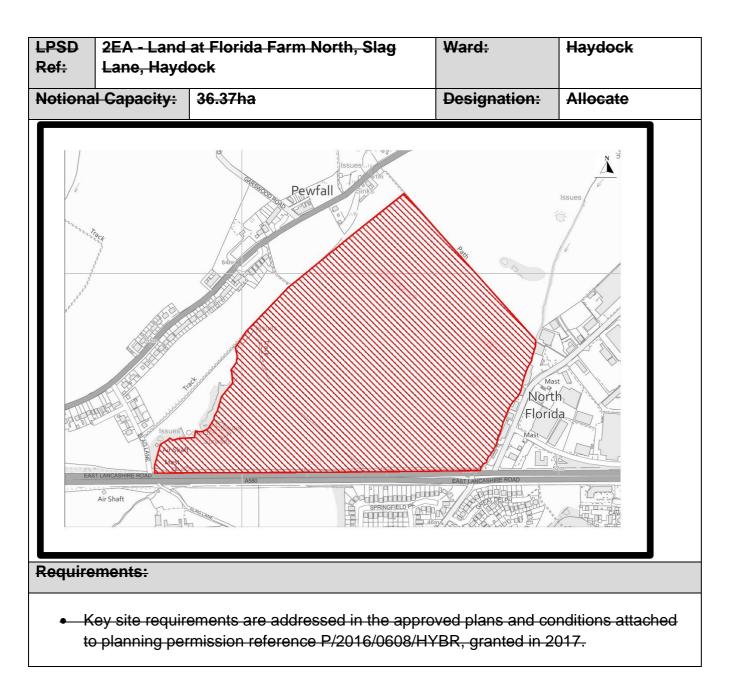
Appendix 5: Site Profiles – Allocated Housing and Employment Sites

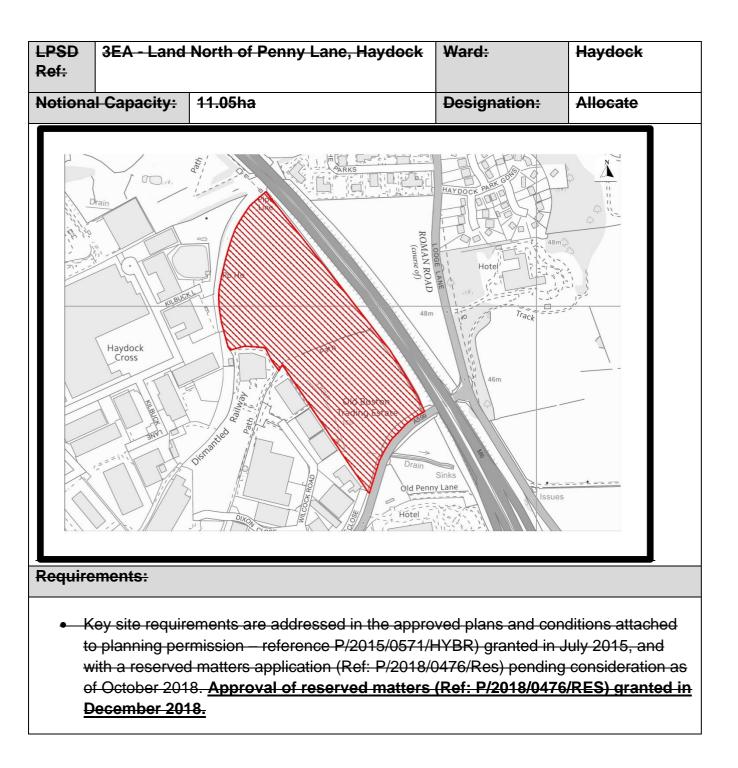
[Please note: the requirements set out for each site in this appendix are in addition to any others that are needed to comply with Plan policies e.g., in relation to infrastructure provision]

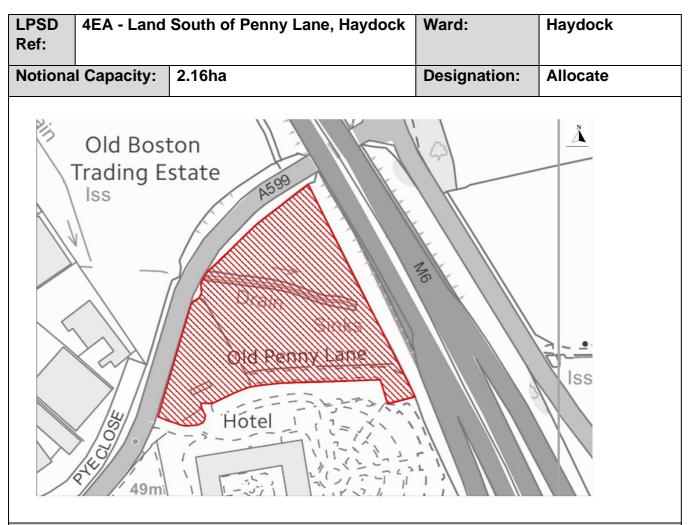


Requirements:

- Appropriate highway access via the existing Omega South development.
- Implementation of any measures required to mitigate impacts on the M62 (Junction 8) or other parts of the highway network.
- Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and public transport from residential areas in St Helens and Warrington such as the provision of a footpath and cycleway through the site to connect existing residential area in Bold and Clock Face with Omega Boulevard within Warrington, and the provision of accessible bus stops with shelters to facilitate the extension of bus services to serve the site from both Warrington and St Helens.

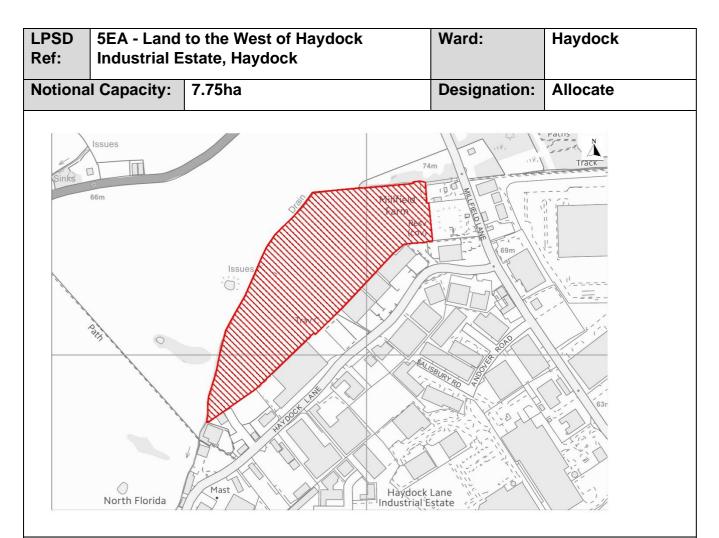






Requirements:

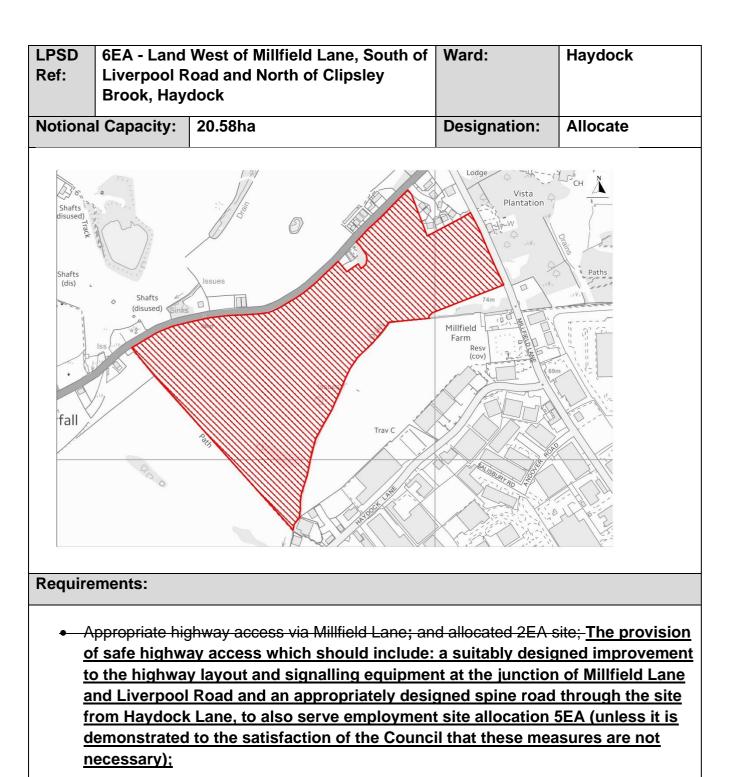
- Safe highway access can **<u>should</u>** be provided off the A599 (Penny Lane).
- The design and layout of the development must integrate well with that of the surrounding area.
- Any adverse impacts on the M6 (Junction 223) or other parts of the highway network must be suitably mitigated.
- Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and public transport, such as the provision of segregated walking and cycling access of Penny Lane, and of accessible bus stops (in consultation with Merseytravel) on Penny Lane.



Requirements:

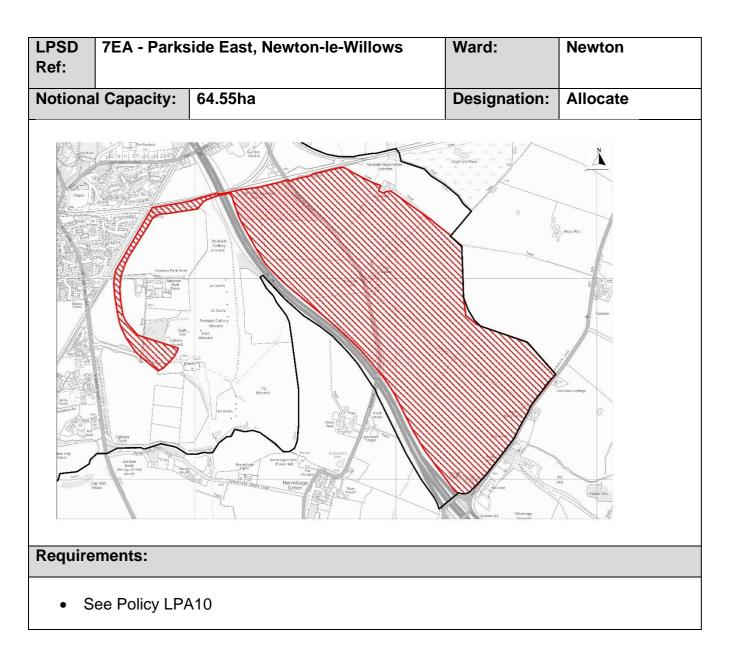
- Due consideration to be given to neighbouring Millfield Service Reservoir and pressurised distribution main.
- Site falls within a consultation distance of a major hazard pipeline, therefore Essar Oil (UK) Ltd. need to be consulted.
- Safe highway access can by gained through neighbouring allocated site 2EA and 6EA <u>The provision of safe highway access which should include an appropriately</u> <u>designed spine road off Haydock Lane, to also serve employment site</u> <u>allocation 6EA unless it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Council that</u> <u>this is not needed to enable a suitable form of development within site 6EA.</u>
- Implementation of any measures required to mitigate impacts on the M6 (Junction 23) or other parts of the highway network.
- The design and layout of the development must integrate well with that of the surrounding area.
- <u>Provision of effective flood management measures for Clipsley Brook to reduce</u> the risk of flooding downstream and enhance biodiversity.

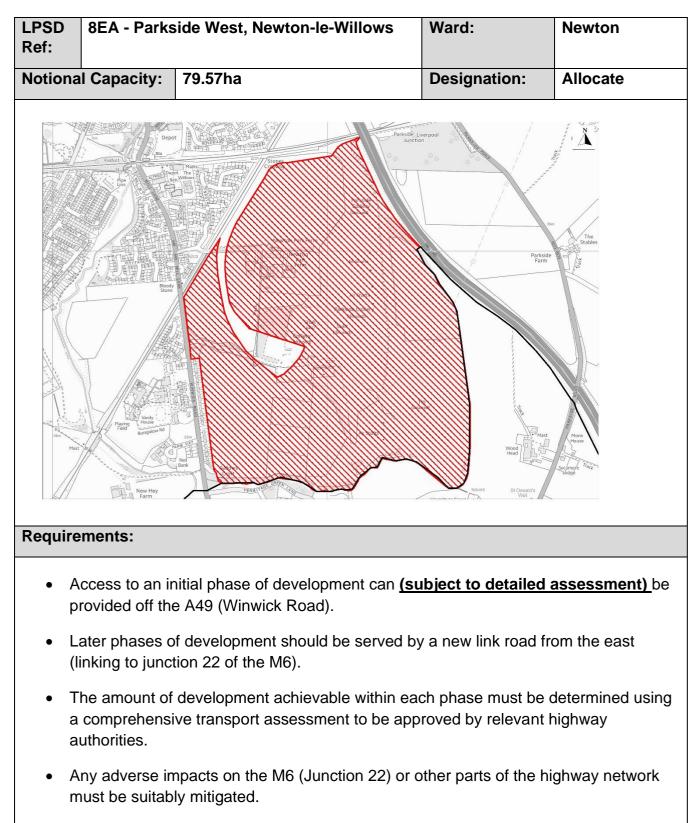
• <u>Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and public</u> <u>transport, such as: segregated walking and cycling routes linking to nearby</u> <u>highways and to public right of way 654 (which runs to the south west of the</u> <u>site); the provision of a financial contribution towards to upgrading of public</u> <u>right of way no.656 which links to Wigan; and accessible bus stops with</u> <u>shelters to facilitate connections to Earlestown, St Helens and Wigan</u>



- Implementation of any measures required to mitigate impacts on the M6 (Junction 23) or other parts of the highway network.
- The design and layout of the development must integrate well with that of any existing or approved development within allocated sites 4EA and 6EA 2EA and 5EA.
- Provision of effective flood management measures for Clipsley Brook to reduce the risk of flooding downstream and enhance biodiversity.
- <u>The development must include a buffer of green space alongside Millfield Lane</u> to minimise any effects on the setting of the listed building at "Le Chateau".

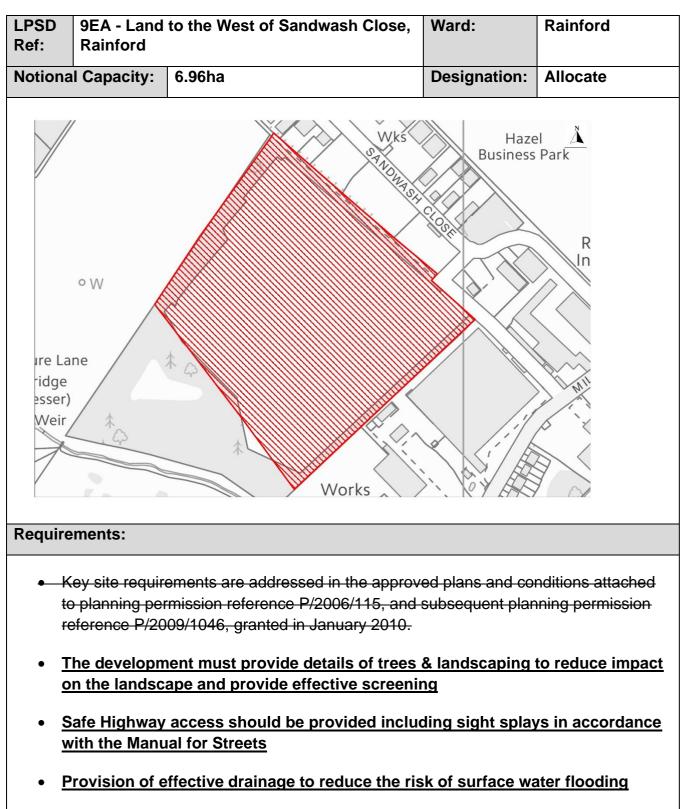
- <u>Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and public transport, such as: segregated walking and cycling routes linking to nearby highways and to public right of way 654 (which runs to the south west of the site); the provision of a financial contribution towards the upgrading of public right of way no.656 which links to Wigan; and accessible bus stops with shelters on Liverpool Road and Millfield Lane to facilitate connections to Earlestown, St Helens and Wigan.</u>
- <u>The design of the site must take account of the role of this land in preventing</u> <u>ribbon development along Liverpool Road and the separation of Haydock and</u> <u>Ashton-in-Makerfield through the use of layout, boundary treatments,</u> <u>landscaping areas and other means.</u>



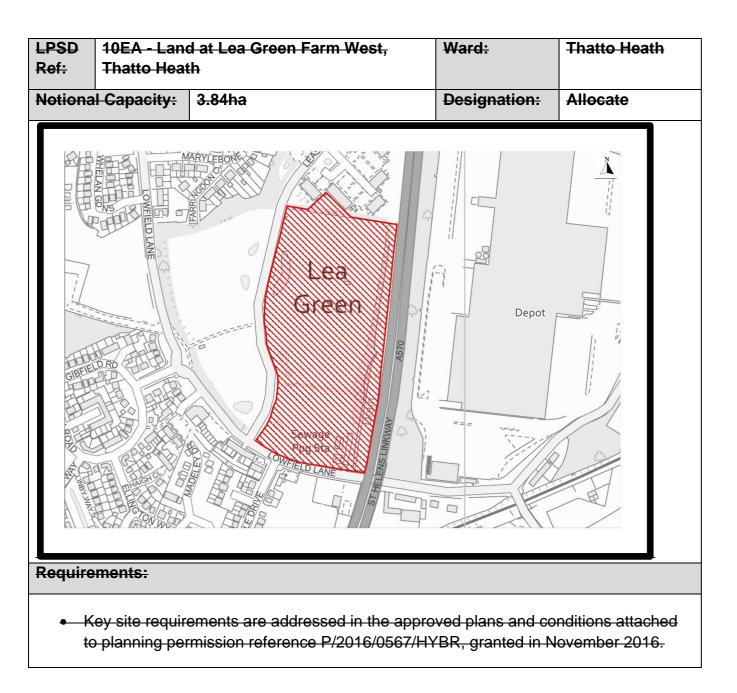


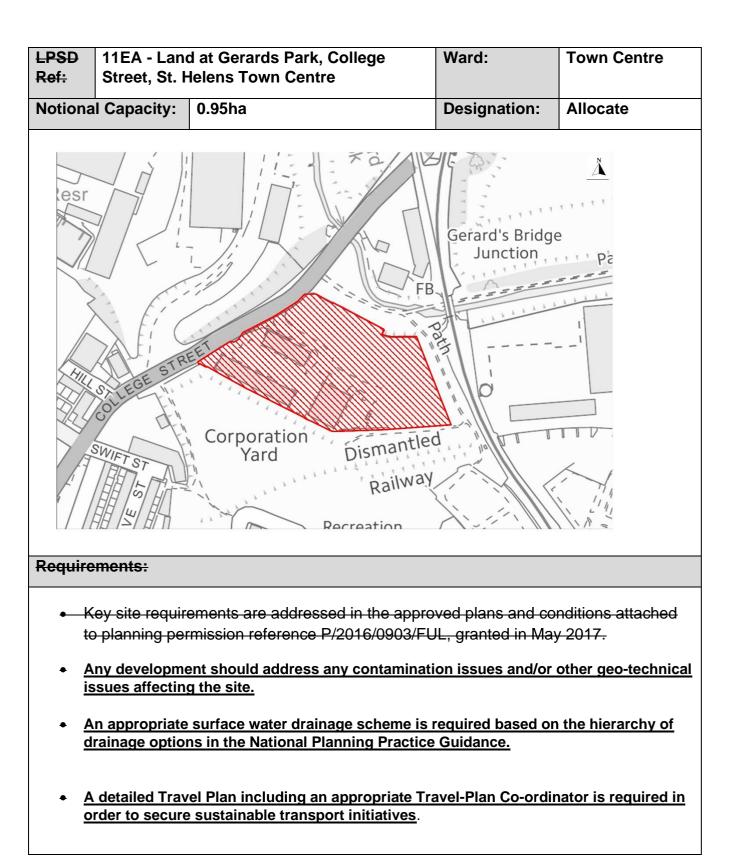
 Suitable measures must be included to control impact of increased traffic movement or uses within the site on residential amenity, noise and/or air quality in the surrounding area.

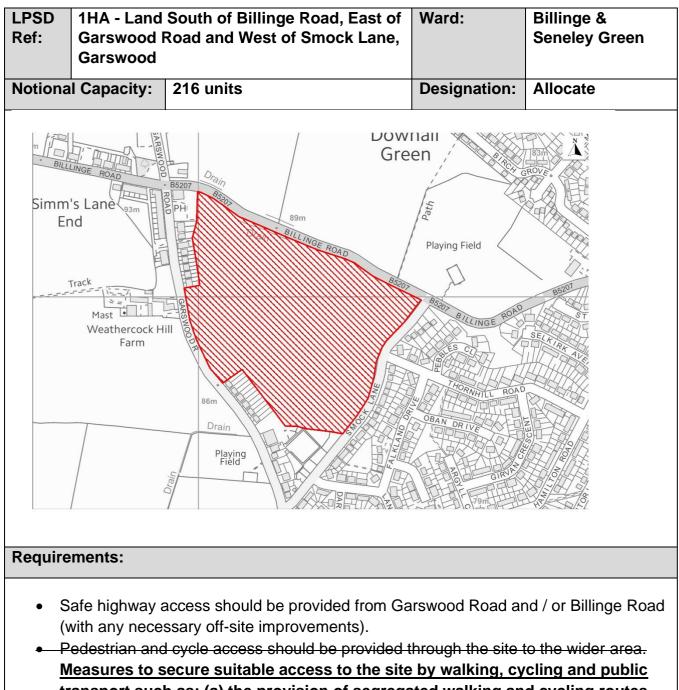
- Proposals must include measures to mitigate any adverse impacts on the Battle of Winwick Registered Battlefield and other heritage assets in the area.
- The development must avoid prejudicing the future development of siding facilities (to serve future development within Parkside East site 7EA) within the area indicated for this purpose shown on the Policies Map.
- <u>Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking and cycling such as:</u> the provision of segregated walking and cycling route which must run through the site and link to nearby highways; and the provision of accessible bus stops with shelters to facilitate connections to Earlestown, St Helens, Wigan and Warrington.



Proposals need to include an effective Travel Plan

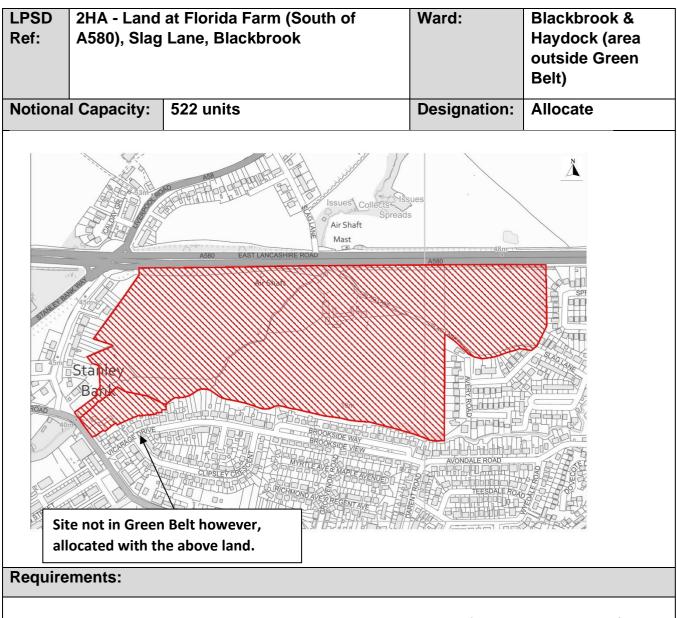




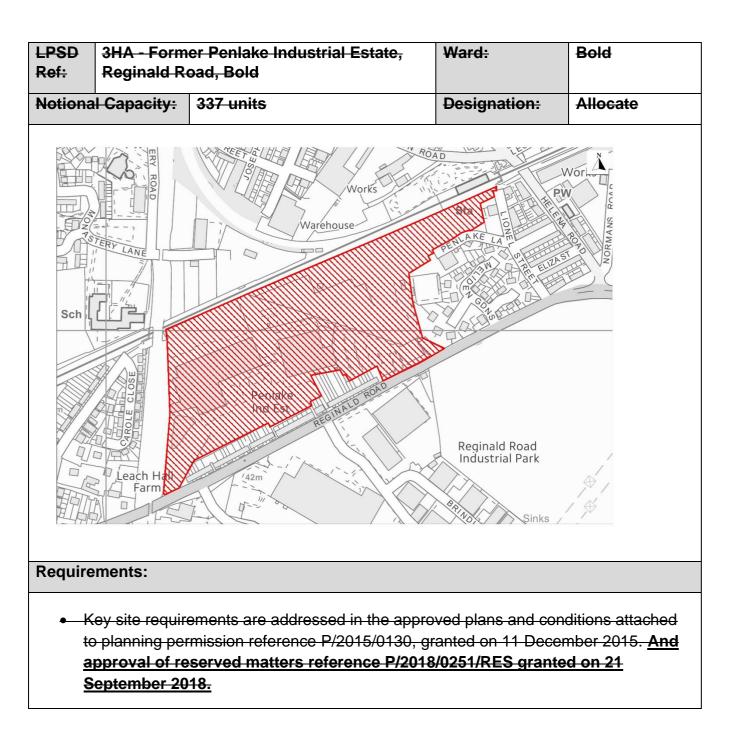


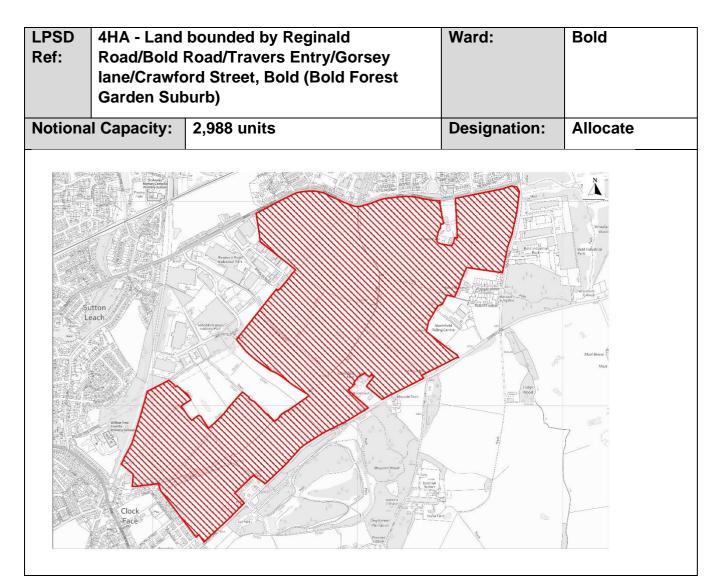
- <u>Measures to secure suitable access to the site by waiking, cycling and public</u> <u>transport such as: (a) the provision of segregated walking and cycling routes</u> <u>which must run through the site and link to nearby highways; (b) the upgrading</u> <u>of predestrian footways alongside existing highways around the site; (c) the</u> <u>upgrading of existing bus stops on Garswood Drive, Billinge Road and Smock</u> <u>Lane close to the site so that they become fully accessible (including for</u> <u>disabled persons); and (d) a financial contribution towards the upgrading of</u> <u>Garswood station.</u>
- Financial contributions for education and off-site highway works may also be required; this will be subject to further assessment at the master planning stage.
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding caused by overland flow.

- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with Policy LPC05 and LPD03.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance with Policy LPC01 and LPC02.



- Highway access should be provided via a primary access from Vicarage Road (with any necessary off-site improvements to this) and a left-in, left-out access from the A580 East Lancashire Road.
- Pedestrian and cycleway access will be required onto Haydock Lane via Slag Lane. Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and public transport such as: (a) the provision of segregated walking and cycling routes which must run through the site and link to nearby highways at Haydock Lane (via Slag Lane), Vicarage Road, Brookside Way and the A580 East Lancashire Road (to the north east and north west of the site); and (b) the upgrading of existing bus stops on Vicarage Road and Clipsley Lane close to the site so that they become fully accessible (including for disabled persons)
- Provision of effective flood management measures for Clipsley Brook to reduce the risk of flooding downstream and enhance biodiversity.
- Financial contributions for education and off-site highway works may be required; this will be subject to further assessment at the master planning stage.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with Policy LPC05 and LPD03.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance with Policy LPC01 and LPC02.

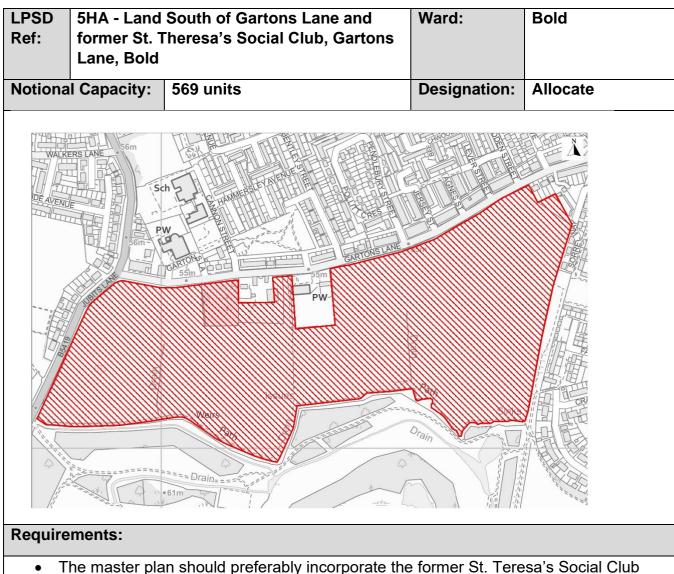




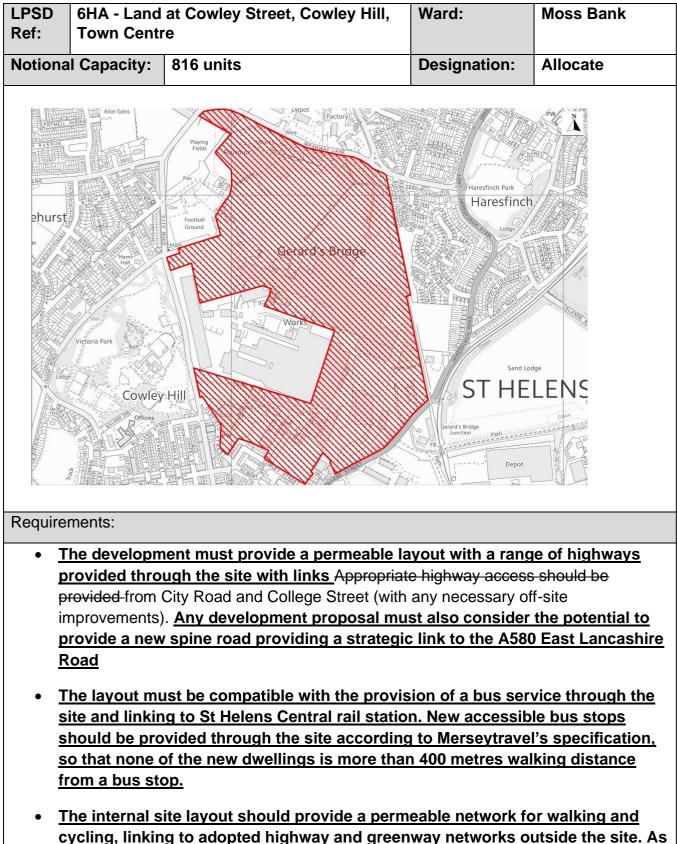
- The development must be consistent with the vision, aims, objectives and policies of the Bold Forest Park Area Action Plan (BFPAAP).
- The development must provide a well landscaped setting including extensive green links through and around the site, and tree planting to reduce impact on the landscape and promote the objective of the BFPAAP to increase tree cover by 30% across the Bold Forest as a whole.
- Any adverse impacts on biodiversity interests within the existing Local Wildlife Site (LWS 108 as indicated on the Policies Map) and the proposed extension to this must be either avoided or minimised. Any resultant harm must be adequately mitigated.
- The development must create a permeable layout with a range of highways provided through the site with access via the B5204, Neills Road and Gorsey Lane. The layout must be compatible with the provision of a bus service through the site between Clock Face and St Helens Junction
- The development must also provide a choice **permeable network** of foot, bridleway, and cycle routes through the site to facilitate access between homes, workplaces,

recreational facilities, and other key services in the area. These must where necessary be segregated to ensure safety and include new provision in line with policy INF6 "Creating an Accessible Forest Park" of the Bold Forest Park Area Action Plan 2017.

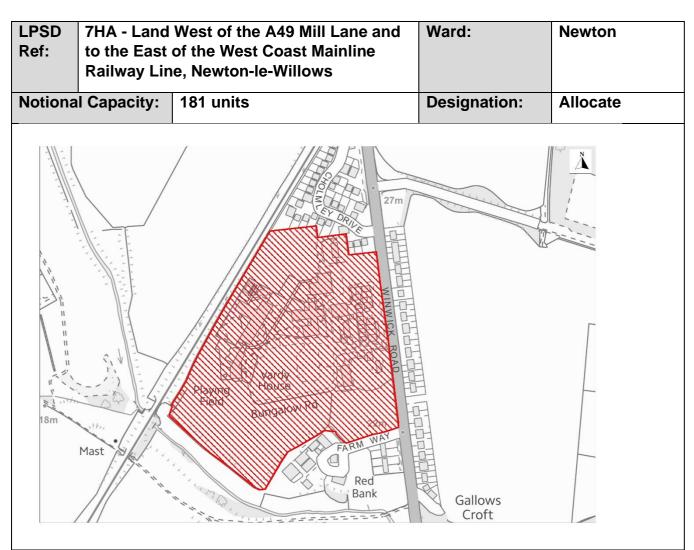
- The provision of any other measures necessary to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and public transport such as: (a) the provision of new accessible bus stops to an agreed specification through the site so that none of the proposed dwellings is more than 400 metres walking distance from a bus stop; and (b) a financial contribution towards the improvements of St Helens Junction station.
- <u>The masterplanning of the site must take into account the opportunity to</u> <u>expand the Greenway network, as identified in Policy LPC07, and the</u> <u>accompanying Figure 7.2</u>
- Financial contributions or the provision of on-site infrastructure for education, <u>local</u> retail, health and other community facilities, and off-site highway works may be required; this. <u>These and other requirements</u> will be subject to further assessment at the master planning stage.
- <u>The master planning of the site must be informed by the findings of the Bold</u> <u>Forest Garden Suburb Transport review (August 2019) and any other relevant</u> <u>evidence.</u>
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance with Policy LPC01 and LPC02.
- The layout must avoid causing excessive noise or disturbance to occupiers of existing dwellings and businesses within or around the site and for users of walking and cycling routes and open spaces.



- site.
- Appropriate highway access should be provided via Jubits Lane and Gartons Lane, together with a suitable internal road network.
- The development should integrate well into the Bold Forest Park setting and provide satisfactory pedestrian, bridleway and cycleway access into the Forest Park.
- The developer would be expected to fund the provision of a suitable access road to the car park area in the adjacent Bold Forest Park, as well as utility service connections.
- Financial contributions for education and, off-site highway works <u>and the</u> <u>improvement of St helens Junction and/or Lea Green stations</u> may be required; this. <u>These and any other requirements</u> will be subject to further assessment at the master planning stage.

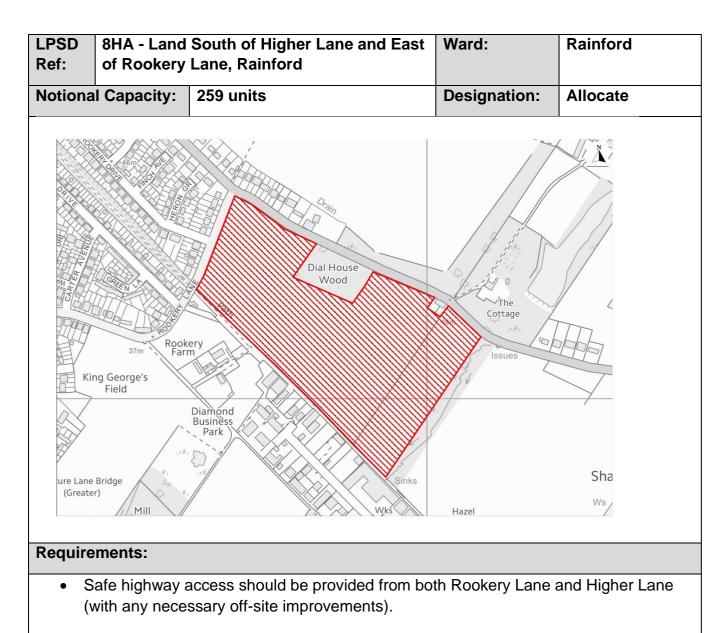


- Measures to 'slow the flow' and enhance biodiversity within the culvert running along the eastern boundary of the site will be required in line with Policy LPC12 'flood Risk and Water Management'.
- The development should include appropriate measures to attenuate noise from the adjacent employment use(s).
- The development area allows for the inclusion of 4ha of B1 employment uses (if this is not implemented this will make more land available for housing).
- Any development should address any contamination issues and/or other geotechnical issues affecting the site.
- Related to the above, site levels should be carefully considered in relation to the site layout and surrounding area.
- The design and layout of the development should provide for a range of house types in character areas. In accordance with Policy LPC01 and LPC02.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with Policy LPC05 and LPD03.
- Financial contributions or the provision of on-site infrastructure for education and off-site highway works may be required; this will be subject to further assessment at the master planning stage.



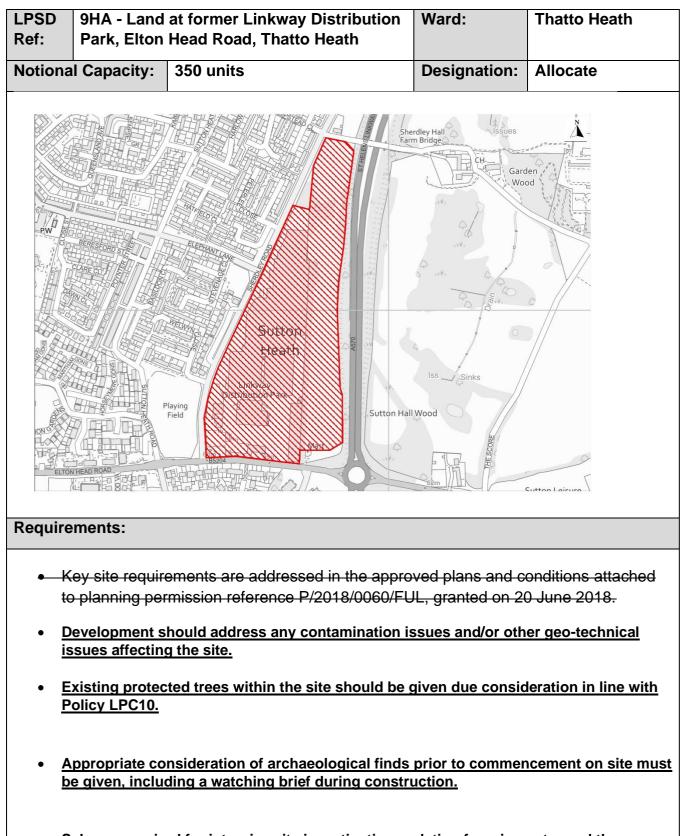
- Safe highway access should be provided from Winnick Road (with any necessary offsite improvements).
- <u>The internal site layout should provide a permeable network for walking and cycling, linking to the external adopted highway and greenway networks.</u>
- <u>Accessible bus stops should be provided adjacent to the site according to</u> <u>Merseytravel's specification.</u>
- Appropriate noise attenuation measures, including buffers, should be incorporated to protect new residents from unacceptable noise levels from the adjoining railway line and adjacent farm activities.
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with Policy LPC05 and LPD03.
- Existing protected trees within the site should be given due consideration in line with Policy LPC10.

• The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance with Policy LPC01 and LPC02.

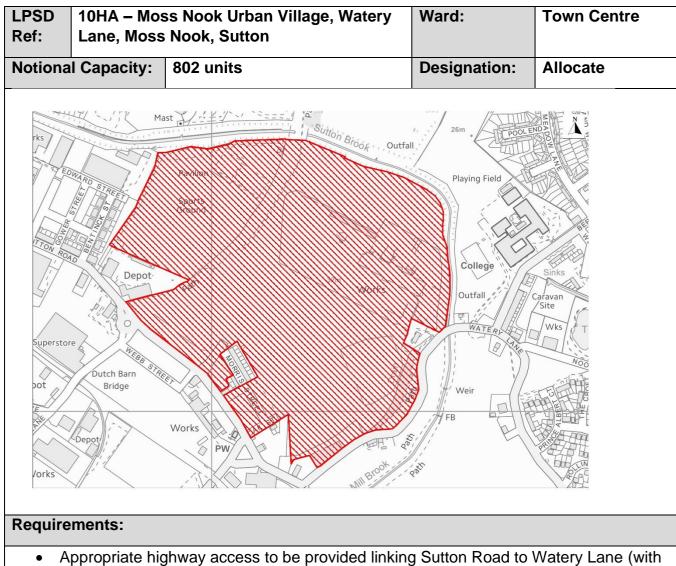


- <u>The internal site layout should provide a permeable network for walking and cycling, linking to the external adopted highway and greenway networks. This shall include the provision of pedestrian and cycleway access to and along Rainford Linear Park and to public right of way 831.</u>
- <u>Accessible bus stops should be provided adjacent to the site according to</u> <u>Merseytravel's specification.</u>
- Appropriate noise attenuation measures, should be incorporated to protect new residents from unacceptable noise levels from the adjoining industrial area.
- A flood attenuation feature and habitat creation (similar to existing woodland to the south-east of the site) would be required along the south -western boundary with Rainford Linear Park (minimum 25m).
- Existing protected trees within the site should be given due consideration in line with Policy LPC10.

• The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance with Policy LPC01 and LPC02.



• <u>Scheme required for intrusive site investigations relating for mine entry and the carry</u> out of those works.



- any necessary off-site improvements).
- Off-site highway works to be undertaken, to be phased in line with the development of the site.
- <u>The layout must be compatible with the provision of a bus service through the site. New accessible bus stops should be provided through the site according to Merseytravel's specification, so that none of the new dwellings is more than 400 metres walking distance from a bus stop. Suitable measures will be required to ensure accessibility through the site by bus.</u>
- The internal site layout should provide a permeable network for walking and cycling, linking to adopted highway and greenway networks outside the site. <u>This shall include the provision of links to and along the Sutton Brook</u> <u>greenway.</u>
- <u>The implementation of any other measures necessary to promote sustainable</u> <u>transport or other infrastructure provision, in accordance with policies LPA07</u> <u>and LPA08.</u>
- Appropriate site remediation should be undertaken along with resolution of any geotechnical issues.

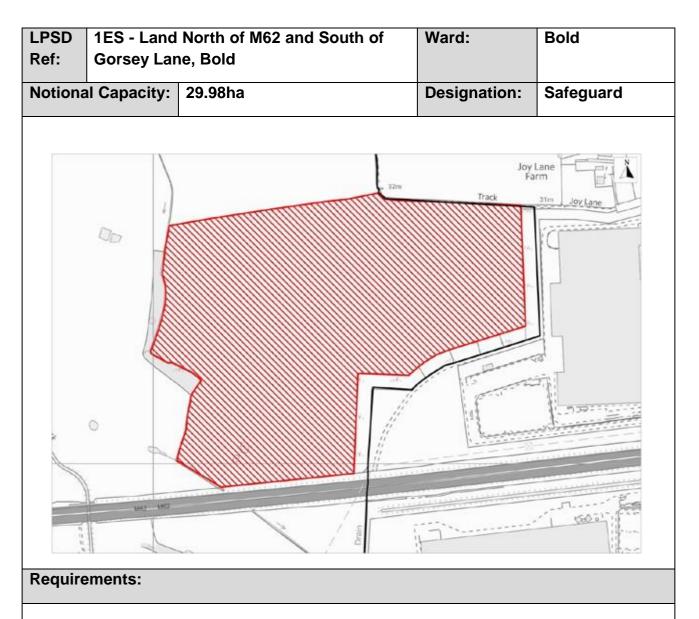
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types and character areas
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with Policy LPC05 and LPD03. Any loss of existing playing fields must include replacement provision of an equal (or improved) quantity and quality.
- Playing pitches within the site must be suitably replaced off-site before they are lost as part of the development.
- Appropriate noise mitigation measures may be required in relation to industrial land uses close to the site.
- Provision of a small commercial/retail area close to the junction with Sutton Road
- (NB planning permission P/2003/1574 was granted for mainly residential development on 18 July 2007; Permission P/2011/0058 to – in summary – vary conditions on the scheme was granted on 22 May 2017).

Annex 2

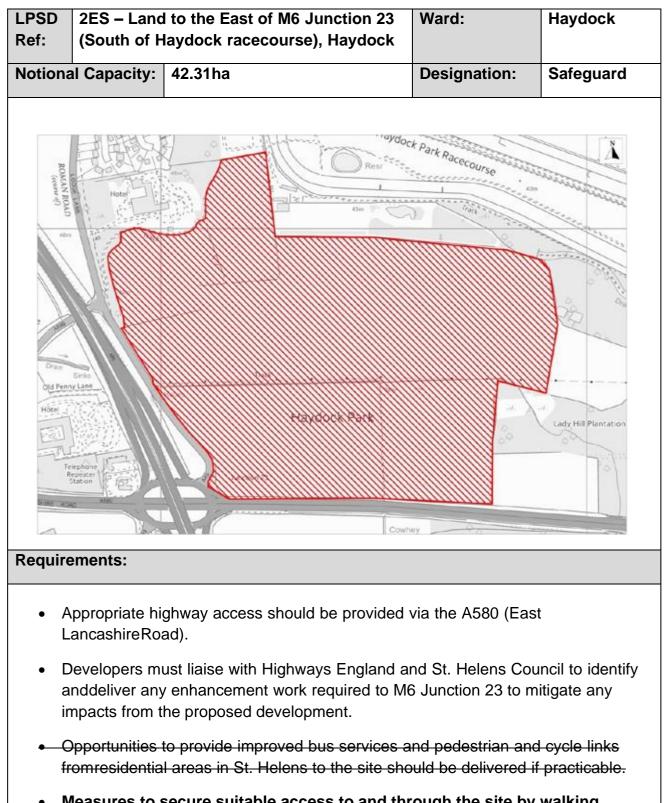
Updated LPSD Appendix 7 site profiles.

Appendix 7: Site Profiles – Safeguarded Employment and Housing Sites

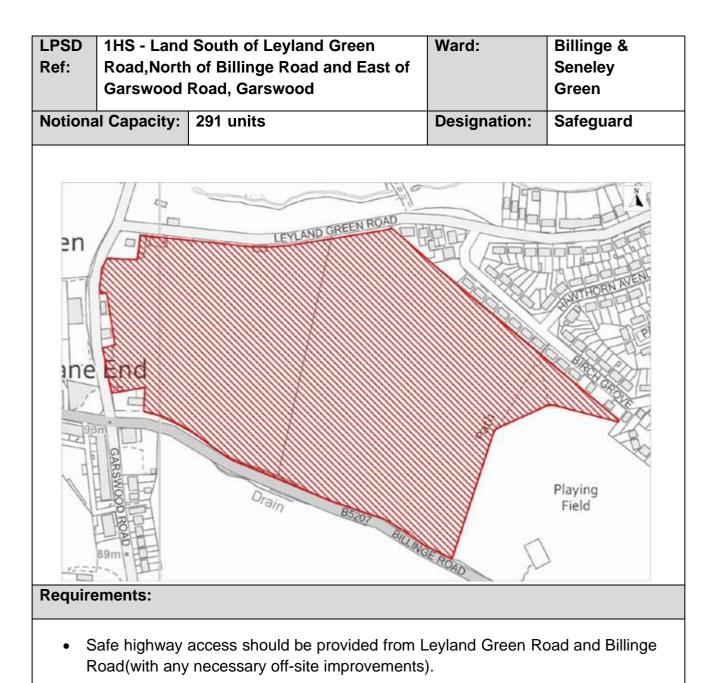
[Please note: the <u>sites listed in this appendix are not allocated for</u> <u>development within the Plan period. The</u> requirements set out for each site in this appendix arein addition to any others that are needed to comply with Plan policies <u>may apply to a future development proposal at the time</u> e.g., in relation to infrastructure provision]



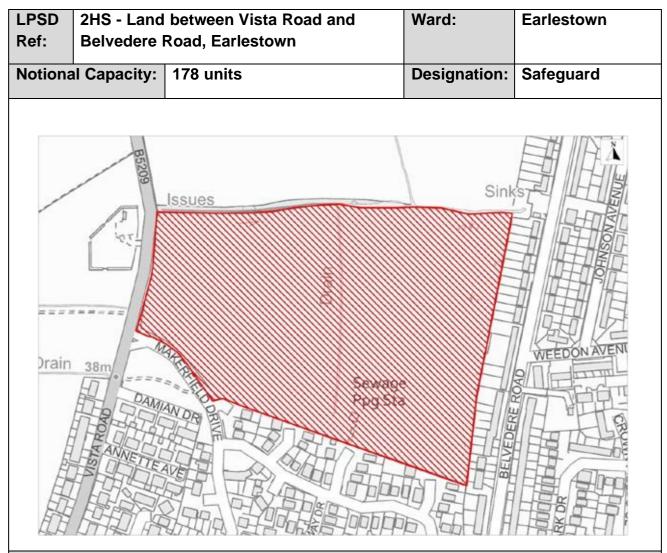
- Appropriate highway access via the existing Omega North Western extensiondevelopment.
- Implementation of any measures required to mitigate impacts on the M62 (Junction 8) or other parts of the highway network.
- Measures to secure suitable access to the site by walking, cycling and publictransport <u>and other sustainable modes</u> from residential areas in St Helens and Warrington.



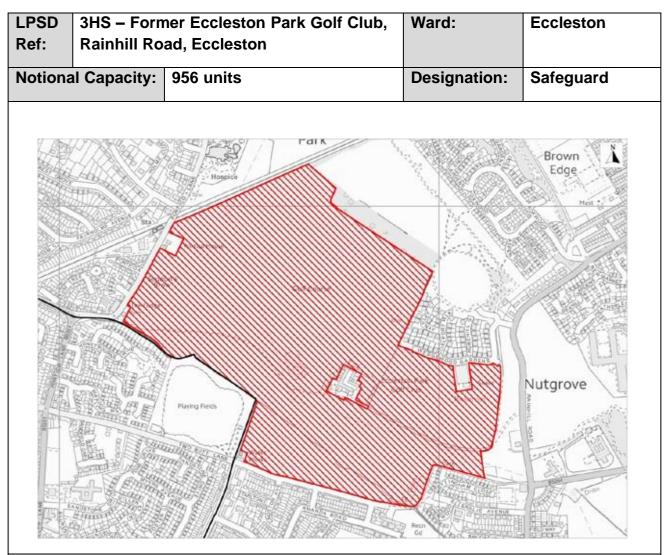
 Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking, cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes from residential areas in St Helens, Wigan and Warrington.



- Pedestrian and cycle access should be provided through the site to the wider area.
- Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking, cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the surrounding area.
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with PolicyLPC05 and LPD03.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance withPolicy LPC01 and LPC02.
- The ground conditions are unknown, although historic mineshafts are recorded within the sub-parcel, so further investigation is required.



- Safe highway access can be gained from Vista Road and Makerfield Drive.
- Implementation of any measures required to mitigate impacts on the M6 (Junction 23)or other parts of the highway network.
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding withdue consideration to be given to the existing UU pumping station.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with PolicyLPC05 and LPD03.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance withPolicy LPC01 and LPC02.
- Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking, cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the surrounding area.



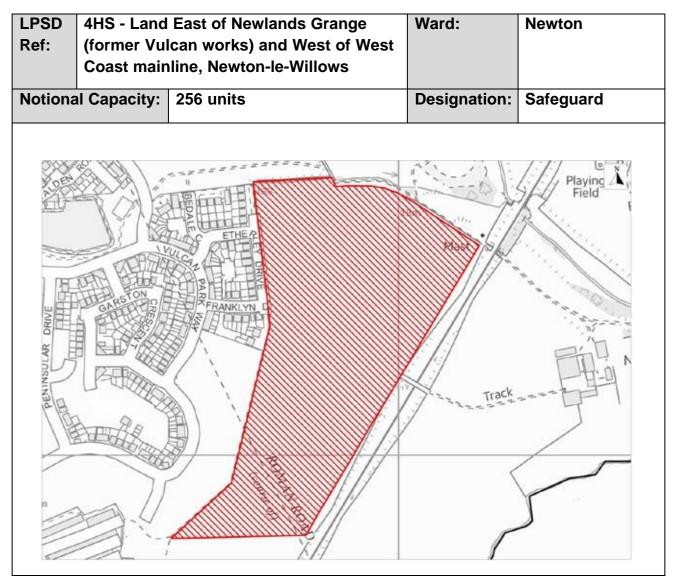
- Appropriate highway access should be provided via a primary access from the B5413Rainhill Road and secondary access at Portico Lane together with a suitable internal road network.
- The layout and design of the development should make suitable provision for a bus service to access the primary access road and consider feasibility of a bus through- route from Portico Lane to Rainhill Road.
- Safe pedestrian and cycle access should be provided to Eccleston Park Station.
- Consideration should be given to the potential for park and ride facilities.
- Any access to the site from Two Butt Lane must, at most, serve only a limited number of properties and be agreed by Knowsley Council as the Highways Authority.

Ensure that the design and layout mitigates and minimises impacts on the existing road network, including the Rainhill Road/Warrington Road junction and other junctions in the area.

Financial contributions for education and off-site highway works may be required;

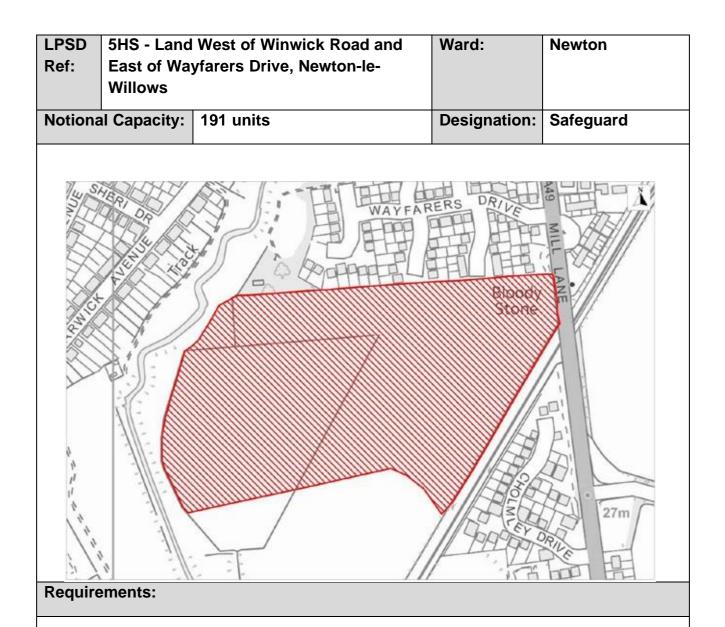
thiswill be subject to further assessment at the master planning stage.

- The sandstone wall on the Rainhill Road frontage should be reclaimed and rebuiltonce the access road is constructed.
- The developer should liaise with the Lead Local Flood Authority in the design of asuitable and ecologically friendly flood management solution for the on-site open watercourse. The development should incorporate measures to "slow the flow" to reduce the risk of flooding downstream and enhance biodiversity.
- <u>Any other measures needed to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking, cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the surrounding area.</u>



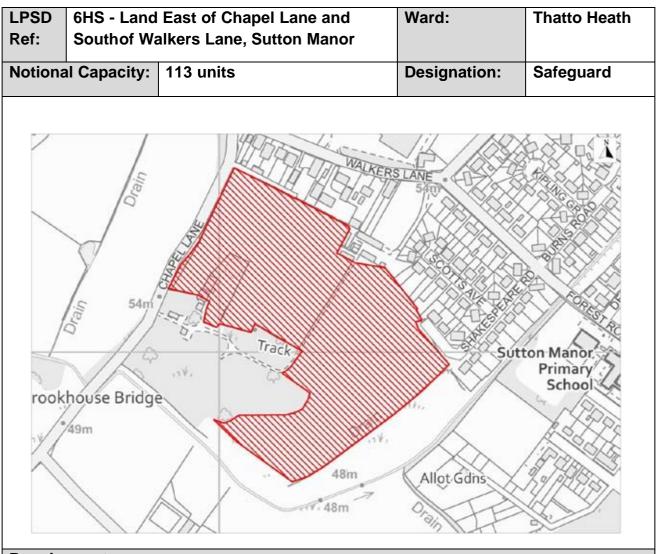
- Safe highway access should be provided from the existing development to the west of the site (with any necessary off-site improvements).
- Appropriate noise attenuation measures, including buffers, should be incorporated toprotect new residents from unacceptable noise levels from the adjoining.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with PolicyLPC05 and LPD03.
- Significant landscaping will be required to the south of the site to provide anappropriate buffer with the adjacent Vulcan Village Conservation Area.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance withPolicy LPC01 and LPC02.
- <u>Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking,</u> <u>cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also</u> <u>link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the</u>

surrounding area.

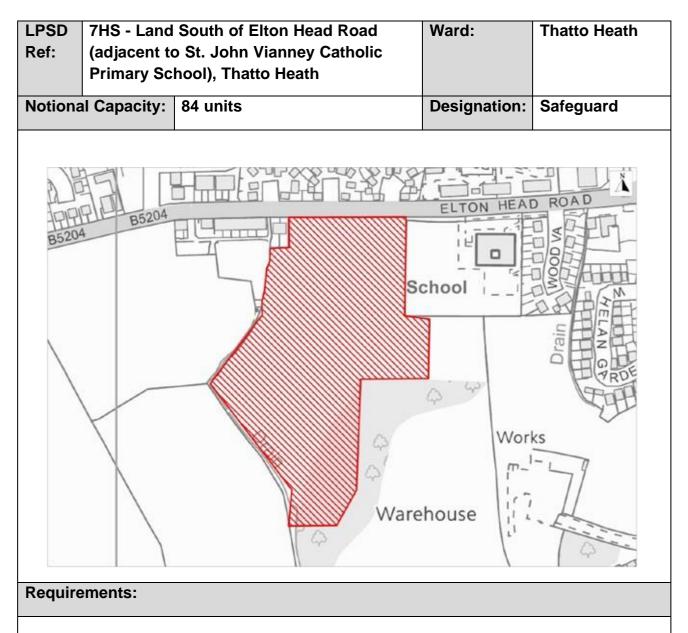


- Safe highway access should be provided from the A49 (Mill Lane), (with anynecessary off-site improvements).
- Appropriate noise attenuation measures, including buffers, should be incorporated toprotect new residents from unacceptable noise levels from the adjoining railway line.
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with PolicyLPC05 and LPD03.
- Appropriate buffers should be provided from the proposed site and adjoining LWS.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance withPolicy LPC01 and LPC02.
- <u>Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking,</u> <u>cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also</u> <u>link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the</u>

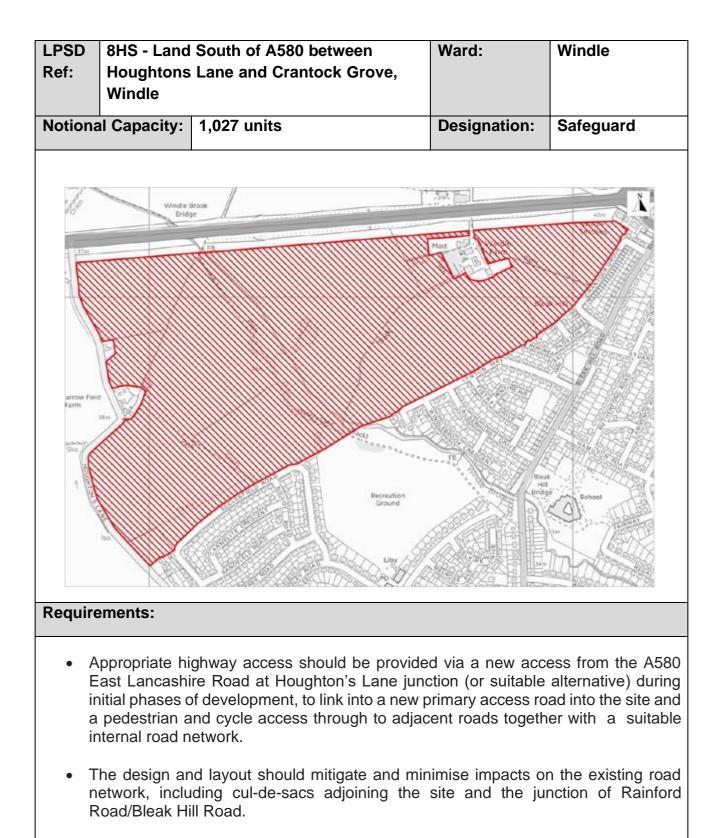
surrounding area.



- Safe highway access can be provided from Chapel Lane and Shakespeare Road, (with any necessary off-site improvements).
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with PolicyLPC05 and LPD03.
- Appropriate buffers should be provided from the proposed site and adjacent woodlandand LWS (Pendlebury Brook).
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance withPolicy LPC01 and LPC02.
- Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking, cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the surrounding area.



- Safe highway access can be provided from Elton Head Road (with any necessary off-site improvements).
- Provision of effective flood management measures to reduce the risk of flooding.
- Appropriate provision of open space must be included in accordance with PolicyLPC05 and LPD03.
- Appropriate buffers should be provided from the proposed site and adjoiningsaltmarsh area.
- The design and layout should provide for a range of house types in accordance withPolicy LPC01 and LPC02.
- Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking, <u>cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also</u> <u>link to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the</u> <u>surrounding area.</u>



- Houghton's Lane should be diverted and upgraded.
- The developer must ensure that the design and layout makes suitable provision for a bus service to access the primary access road.
- Financial contributions or the provision of on-site infrastructure for education and off-site highway works may be required; this will be subject to further assessment at themaster planning stage.
- The developer should liaise with the Lead Local Flood Authority in the design of a

suitable and ecologically friendly flood management solution for Windle Brook. The development should incorporate measures to "slow the flow" to reduce the risk of flooding downstream and enhance biodiversity.

• <u>Measures to secure suitable access to and through the site by walking,</u> <u>cycling, public transport and other sustainable modes, which should also link</u> <u>to areas of employment, education, health and other services in the</u> <u>surrounding area.</u>

Annex 3

Update of Table 4.6 of the LPSD, and to represent the position up to 2037 (in accordance with INSP006).

Table 5.2: Residual Housing Land Requirement 2016-2037

Requirement	Dwellings
St. Helens housing requirement (21 years from 1 Apr 2016 to 31 Mar 2037) at average of 486 per year	10,206
Net Completions from 1 April 2016- 31 March 2021	3074
Residual requirement over Local Plan period from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2037	7132

Table 5.3: SHLAA Housing Land Supply 2020-2037

SHLAA Supply 2021 – 2037 (as of 31.03.2021)	Dwellings
Total SHLAA supply– 1 April 2021 until 31 March 2037 (including non-Green Belt Local Plan allocation sites 3HA, 6HA, 9HA and 10HA)	4766
SHLAA capacity reduction for non-delivery (15% of SHLAA identified capacity for years 6-16 of the Plan period including non-Green Belt Local Plan allocation sites 3HA, 6HA,9HA and 10HA) (2953 -15%)	-443
Residual SHLAA capacity over 16 year Plan period 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2037 (including non-Green Belt Local Plan allocation sites 3HA,6HA, 9HA and 10HA)	4323
Small sites allowance x 16 years (sites below 0.25ha / 5 dwellings)	1488
Total Plan period capacity on non-Green Belt land	5811

Table 5.4: Green Belt Land Supply 2020-2037

Green Belt Land Supply 2021-2037	Dwellings
Required capacity to be found on Green Belt land (7132-5811)	1321
20% increased allowance to be added to Green Belt required capacity (to allow for contingencies e.g., infrastructure provision, delays, lead-in times tostart of housing delivery etc.)	264
Overall required capacity of sites to be removed from the Green Belt	1585
Total Plan period capacity of allocated sites removed from the GreenBelt (sites 1HA, 2HA, 4HA, 5HA, 7HA and 8HA)	2020

Table 5.5: Total Supply over the Plan Period 2020-2037

Total Supply over the Plan Period 2021-2037	Dwellings
Total Plan period capacity on non-Green Belt land	5811
Total Plan period capacity of allocated Green Belt sites	2020
Total housing supply over Plan period	7831

Annex 4

Local Plan 5 Year Supply Position 31.03.2021

Local Plan 5 Year Housing Requirement	
Local Plan Annual Housing Requirement	486
Local Plan Housing Requirement 2016 - 2021	2430
Net Completions 2016 - 2021	3074
Housing Shortfall 2016 - 2021 (there has been an oversupply of 644 units)	0
Shortfall spread over next five years	0
Local Plan Housing Requirement 2021 - 2026 (486 x 5)	2430
Local Plan Housing Requirement 2021 - 2026 (5% buffer applied)	2552
Annualised Housing Requirement (2552/5)	510

Local Plan 5 year supply as of 31.03.2020	
Large sites - planning permission not started (including SHLAA 2017 sites that have since gained planning permissionbut not started)	602
Large sites - planning permission under construction (including SHLAA 2017 and new large sites with planningpermission and under construction)	512
Large sites - SHLAA sites (including SHLAA 2017 sites with planning permission that has now expired)	208
Local Plan Allocations (including those previously counted as SHLAA sites, 3HA, 6HA, 9HA and 10HA)	575
Small sites allowance (93 x 5)	465
5 year supply	2362
Number of years supply of deliverable housing land (2362/510)	4.6

<u>Annex 5</u>

Update of Table 4.4 of the LPSD, and to represent the position up to 2037 (in accordance with INSP006).

Residual Employment Land Requirement 2021-2037 (as of 31.03.2021)

Requirement	Hectares
Local Plan OAN 2012-2037 including 5 year buffer and allowance for Parkside SRFI and SuperPort	239
Take-up between 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2021 (includes completions at Local Plan Proposed Allocation sites 2EA (Florida Farm, Slag Lane Haydock), 3EA (Land North of Penny Lane, Haydock) and 10EA (Land at Lea Green Farm West, Thatto Heath))	60.77
Existing Supply of Deliverable Employment Land (31 Mar 2021) (This is made up of Land North of Kilbuck Lane (3.46ha) and Pilkingtons Cowley Hill Site (0.58ha))	4.04
Total Residual Requirement 2021-2037	174.19

<u>Annex 6</u>

Updated LPSD Appendix 4 - Monitoring Framework

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
LPA01 - Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development	All Local Plan indicators	St.Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	Delivery of sustainable development.	Failure to deliver a coherent, implementabl e strategy to facilitate progress towards sustainable development.	Review of Local Plan.
LPA02 - Spatial Strategy	Analysis of progress with strategic sites	A range of economic, housing, environmental and infrastructure sources.	Most new housing to be delivered on strategic and/or brownfield sites Significant new employment development at existing and strategic locations.	Failure to deliver the quantity and distribution of development proposed by the Local Plan	Review of land identified for development. Review of Local Plan.
	Percentage of housing completions on brownfield sites	Annual SHBC house completion survey.	No target set	Not yet determined	Review of Local Plan policies.
LPA03 - Development Principles	All Local Plan indicators	St Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	Delivery of sustainable development.	Failure to deliver a coherent, implementabl e strategy to facilitate progress towards sustainable development	Review of Local Plan policies.
LPA04 - A Strong & Sustainable Economy	Employment land <u>take-up</u> available per annum by type	St Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	Monitor provision of new <u>Take-up</u> of employment land by type on a yearly basis	Cumulative take up of allocated employment land for employment development	Where take up of allocated employment land for employment development is higher than expected,

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
			<u>as anticipated</u> <u>in the Plan</u> .	less than 50% of the expected pro- rata amount, or more than 150% of the expected pro- rata amount.	consider review of policy. Where take-up is lower, consider whether there are obstacles to take- up on particular sites that could be overcome.
	Number of permissions for expansion of existing businesses	SHBC employment monitoring	No target set	Not yet determined	To be determined
	Loss of employment on existing employment sites	SHBC employment monitoring	No loss on previous years	Not yet determined, monitor initially	To be determined
	Total number of active businesses	SHBC employment monitoring	Increase on previous years	Decrease over the Plan period	Review of Local Plan policies.
	Number of applications approved for employment uses in rural areas	Development management processes	No target set – monitor for now	Not yet determined	To be determined
<u>LPA04.1 -</u> <u>Strategic</u> <u>Employment</u> <u>Sites</u>	Employment land available per annum by type	<u>SHBC</u> employment monitoring	<u>No target set</u> <u>as yet –</u> <u>monitor for</u> <u>now to ensure</u> <u>an increase on</u> <u>a yearly basis.</u>	<u>Not yet</u> determined	Review of Local Plan policies.
	<u>Number of</u> <u>masterplans</u> <u>submitted</u>	Development management processes	Every planning application for an allocated Strategic Employment Site should be accompanied by a masterplan.	Planning applications determined without the prescribed information.	Review how the policy is being applied; consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
LPA05 - Meeting St Helens' Housing Needs	Distribution of new housing development across the Borough	Annual SHBC house completion survey	Percentage of new homes built on allocated sites.	Having fewer than 5 years' supply (plus the required buffer) of housing land.	Consider the reasons for the imbalance in delivery compared to the target and whether there are any obstacles to delivery affecting sites in particular locations.
	Gross completions of new homes by house type and number of bedrooms, against annual and plan period targets	Annual SHBC house completion survey, St Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	Annual net homes completions to be at least the residual number required for 2020-2035 of 486 homes per annum. within the Plan period	Failure to deliver 95% of the residual number over a 3-year rolling period, i.e. 1,385 net homes over 3 years.	Prepare and publish an action plan setting out key reasons for the situation and actions the Council and other parties need to take.
	Density numbers of approved housing developments	Development management processes	Minimum 30dph on all sites 30-40dph in and adjacent to district and local centres 40-50dph+ at sites within St Helens Town Centre, Earlestown Town Centre and on the edge of these centres.	30dph or more (dependent on location) dwellings not achieved on completed sites, using a net developable site area of 75% of the site area.	Review how the policy is being applied, the age and circumstances of the planning permissions to which the completions relate where the target was not met; if the policy has been applied accurately to the permissions which led to the trigger being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
	5 Year housing land supply	Development management processes	To have a 5 year + housing supply	Having fewer than 5 years' supply (plus the required	Consideration of the barriers to delivery of sites after

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
				buffer) of housing land.	permission is granted, and working with partners to overcome them.
					<u>Consideration</u> <u>of whether</u> <u>sufficient</u> <u>planning</u> <u>permissions are</u> <u>being granted</u> (and within <u>statutory time</u> <u>limits).</u>
					<u>Seek to</u> <u>maintain an</u> <u>appropriate mix</u> <u>of sites to</u> <u>sustain delivery.</u>
					Use proactive pre-application process to speed up the application process.
					Seek funding to unlock brownfield sites to boost the housing supply.
					Consider early review of the Local Plan <u>if</u> <u>there is long-</u> <u>term</u> <u>underperforman</u> <u>ce against the 5</u> <u>year supply.</u>
<u>LPA05.1 -</u> <u>Strategic</u> <u>Housing</u> <u>Sites</u>	Number of dwellings granted planning consent and delivered on	Housing monitoring	Delivery of strategic sites in accordance with the housing trajectory	Number of dwellings completed on strategic sites falls below 75% of target	<u>Consideration</u> of the barriers to delivery of <u>sites after</u> permission is granted, and working with

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	strategic housing sites				partners to overcome them.
					Use proactive pre-application process to speed up the application process.
					<u>Consider the</u> <u>mix of homes</u> on site to drive
					Consider early review of the Local Plan if there is significant under-delivery on the strategic sites.
LPA06 - Safeguarded Land	Number and extent of planning applications approved on land safeguarded for post-2035	Development management processes	Zero	10% (or more) of land safeguarded granted planning consent for built development Failure to deliver sufficient housing land.	Consider early review of the Local Plan.
LPA07 - Transport and Travel	Number of developments approved resulting in significant transport impacts producing a transport assessment and travel plan agreed by the Council	Development management processes	Transport assessments/Tr ansport Statement and Travel Plans submitted in all cases where these are required.	Planning applications determined without the prescribed information.	Review how the policy is being applied; consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	Cycle and footpaths created (detailing how they have improved accessibility and reduced reliance on private transport)	St Helens Council	Implement schemes and projects that will help to deliver sustainable economic growth (by reducing congestion and delays for businesses).	Implementatio n has not occurred within a set period (to be decided).	Consider whether there are obstacles in the process of implementation or specific to particular sites that could be overcome.
	Improvements to public transport infrastructure and services	St Helens Council, Merseytravel	All new sites allocated for development should have easy access to public transport.	Any allocated sites developed with no access to public transport.	Review how the policy is being applied and how external providers are consulted and what (if any) obstacles are in the way of providing public transport that can be overcome.
	Levels of car ownership	St. Helens Council, Office for National Statistics Census	No target set - monitor levels for now - should be a decrease on a yearly basis.	Not yet determined	To be determined
	Number of electric vehicle charging points provided	Development management processes	Increase in Plan period.	Failure to secure electric vehicle charging points on all new developments	Review how the policy is being applied and sees if there are any specific obstacles preventing this requirement.
	Number of planning applications approved contrary to Highways England advice	Development management processes	None – planning applications should not be approved were Highways England have	Planning applications granted planning permission contrary to Highways	Review how the policy is being applied.

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
			issues with the proposal.	England advice.	
LPA08 - Infrastructur e Delivery and Funding	Number of community facilities (including health, education, neighbourhood retail and leisure, lost through new development	St Helens Council, Development management processes	Development that includes the loss of a community facility should be resisted unless a better facility can be located locally.	Failure to secure suitable replacements.	Review how the policy is being applied, whether any means exist of preventing or mitigating any loss, potential review of Local Plan policy.
	Number of planning applications amended on economic viability grounds	St. Helens Council, Development management processes	None – due regard should be made at application stage on the ability of development proposals to support the required level of developer contributions	Planning applications amended due to economic viability	Review how the policy is being applied and considers any means that exist within the Local Plan to prevent this, potential review of Local Plan policies.
	Amount of Section 106 monies received through obligations	St. Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	No set target - developer contributions will be monitored, and a summary will be presented each year in the new AMR.	Not yet determined	To be determined
	Amount of New Homes Bonus payments received	St. Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	No set target - developer contributions will be monitored, and a summary will be presented each year in the new AMR.	Not yet determined	To be determined

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
LPA09 - Green Infrastructur e	Area of green infrastructure created as the result of new development	Development management processes	A net increase in areas of provision as a reflection of the extant standards of provision.	Any net loss of green infrastructure provision	Review of standards applied <u>;</u> <u>consider</u> <u>whether the</u> <u>policy needs to</u> <u>be reviewed.</u>
	Number of new nature reserves created	Reports to members; development management processes	Number of new nature reserves to rise in proportion to the increase in population arising from new development.	Failure to achieve additional nature reserves over Plan period	To be determined Review how the policy and updated Nature Conservation SPD is being applied. Initiate any updates necessary to the policy and SPD.
	Planning applications received that assist in the implementation of the Bold Forest Action Plan	Development management processes	Substantial progress towards delivery of the Action Plan's priorities.	Not yet determined	Review of Local Plan policies.
<u>LPA10 -</u> <u>Parkside</u> <u>East</u>	Substantial progress towards site development, e.g., completion of a masterplan; agreed timescale for implementatio n; planning application process; works commencing on site	Development management process: reports considered by members; memoranda of understandin g agreed with developers	Substantial development of Parkside for employment purpose; a minimum of 60ha identified and reserved for rail- enabled employment development	Progress stalled to the extent that minimal implementati on can be expected prior to 2035	Work with site promoters and other partners to overcome any potential identified issues and speed up delivery Longer term non- implementation to lead to review of Local Plan policy
LPA11 - Health and Wellbeing	Number of affordable houses	Development management records; Sport	A decline in lifestyle related illness, and in	Decline in health of wider	To be determined

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	completed; proportion of new/improved green spaces; active leisure opportunities included in strategic housing site masterplans; manage air quality and pollution	England; NHS, public health records, 2021 Census	average years- of-life-lost.	population or increases in health and well-being that are less than significant.	
LPB01 - St Helens Town Centre and Central Spatial Area	Proportion of town centre premises that are vacant or in non-active use.	Survey, property registers, business rates records, planning applications	An increase in active town centre uses.	Sustained increases in town centre premises that are vacant or under-used.	Bid for funding to deliver regeneration scheme(s) for town centre.Further work with partners and stakeholders to address barriers to growth in the town.Review of Local Plan
LPB02 - Earlestown Town Centre	Proportion of non-active commercial premises in town centre	Survey, property registers, business rates records, planning applications	A decline in the proportion of town centre commercial properties in non-active use.	Proportion decreases or remains stagnant.	Accelerated progress to produce a town centre action plan or masterplan.
LPA04.1 - Strategic Employment Sites	Employment land available per annum by type	SHBC employment monitoring	No target set as yet – monitor for now to ensure an increase on a yearly basis.	Not yet determined	Review of Local Plan policies.
	Number of masterplans submitted	Development management processes	Every planning application for an allocated strategic employment	Planning applications determined without the	Review how the policy is being applied; consider whether the

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
			site should be accompanied by a masterplan.	prescribed information.	policy needs to be reviewed.
LPA10 - Parkside East	Substantial progress towards site development, e.g., completion of a masterplan; agreed timescale for implementation; planning application process; works commencing on site	Development management process: reports considered by members; memoranda of understanding agreed with developers	Substantial development of Parkside for employment purpose; a minimum of 60ha identified and reserved for rail-enabled employment development	Progress stalled to the extent that minimal implementatio n can be expected prior to 2035	Review of Local Plan
LPA05.1 - Strategic Housing Sites	Number of dwellings granted planning consent on strategic housing sites	Development management processes	20% shortfall on the cumulative requirement of the Housing Trajectory	Number of dwelling completed on strategic sites falls below 75% of target	Consider early review of the Local Plan.
LPC01 - Housing Mix	Percentage of bungalows being constructed on greenfield sites.	Information will be derived from the approved planning applications.	All new developments of 25 or more dwellings on greenfield sites should comprise of at least 5% bungalows.	Less than 5%. The trigger will be adjusted in response to the findings of future Housing Needs Assessments conducted by or on behalf of the Council.	Review how the policy is being applied, the age and circumstances of the planning permissions where the target was not met; if the policy has been applied accurately, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
	Percentage of dwellings designed to the "accessible and adaptable" standard, as	Information will be derived from the approved	"At least 20% of new dwellings on sites of 25 or more new homes should	Less than 5%. The trigger will be adjusted in response to the findings of	Review how the policy is being applied, the age and circumstances of the planning

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	set out in Part M4(2) and Part M4(3) of the Building Regulations or equivalent standard	planning applications.	be designed to meet Part M4(2) of the Building Regulations 2010.	future Housing Needs Assessments conducted by or on behalf of the Council.	permissions where the target was not met; if the policy has been applied accurately, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPC02 - Affordable Housing Provision	Percentage of market housing developments of 11 or more homes granted planning permission that provides 30% affordable homes.	Development management processes	All market housing developments of 11 or more homes to provide 30% affordable homes.	Fewer than 90% of market housing schemes of 11 or more homes granted planning permission in any given year provides 30% affordable homes.	Review the circumstances of the permissions granted that have led to the trigger. If a generalised viability problem is indicated, Review a potential review of the requirement in the policy.
LPC03 - Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Show People	Maintenance of a supply of suitable sites to meet the requirement	Development management processes	Provision for 8 additional permanent pitches in the period to 2035 (GTAA minimum).	Assessment that there is less than a five-year supply of sites for additional permanent pitches	Identification of land for additional pitches, through a Call-for-sites.
LPC04 - Retail and Town Centres	Number of empty / inactive town centre commercial properties.	St. Helens Business rates records	A decrease in the number of vacant/inactive properties.	A significant increase in unused and underused commercial premises in and around town centres.	To be determinedProactive workwith partnersandstakeholders todrive forwardregeneration.Review how thepolicy is beingapplied,considerwhether the

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY policy needs to
LPC05 - Open Space	Quantity and extent of new sport, open space and recreational development.	Development management processes	Net increase in provision over the Plan period.	Provision is below assessed need	be reviewed. Consider whether the fall in the areas of dedicated land has been offset by more effective use of the area of land that remains for open space. If not, consider a review of how the policies have been applied.
	Green Flag awards	St. Helens Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)	No decrease over Plan period.	Not yet determined	To be determined
LPC06 - Biodiversity and Geological Conservation	Change in areas of land covered by local, national or international policy protections for biodiversity, or areas provided for biodiversity in mitigation through developments.	St. Helens Council, Natural England and Lancashire Wildlife Trust.	Net gains in areas of land specifically dedicated to and protected for biodiversity.	Fall in areas of land specifically dedicated to and protected for biodiversity.	Consider whether the fall in the areas of dedicated land has been offset by more effective use of the area of land that remains for biodiversity. If not, consider a review of how the policies have been applied.
LPC07 - Greenways	Number of greenways	St. Helens Council	Net gains over Plan period.	Unexpected specific losses.	Review how the policy is being applied, whether any means exist of preventing or mitigating any loss.
LPC08 - Ecological Network	Quantity and extent of additional land contributing to the ecological network as a result of	Development management processes	Net gains since previous assessment.	Fall in areas of land specifically dedicated to and protected for the	Initiate creation of an <u>Finalise</u> updated <u>of</u> Nature Conservation SPD.

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	planning permissions granted.			ecological network.	Work with partners such as Merseyside Environmental Advisory Service (MEAS) or the Mersey Forest to consider improvements. Review Local Plan policy.
LPC09 - Landscape Protection	Number of developments allowed on appeal that had been initially refused on landscape character grounds.	Development management processes	No appeals lost.	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on grounds of landscape character.	Not yet determined, potential review of Local Plan policy. <u>Review</u> how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPC10 - Trees and Woodland	Loss of trees and/or woodland as a result of development proposals	Development management processes	Justifiable losses replaced on a 2 for 1 ratio.	Failure to secure suitable replacements.	Review how the policy is being applied, whether any means exist of preventing or mitigating any loss, potential review of Local Plan policy.
	Total area of Ancient Woodland	St Helens Council, development management process.	No loss.	Unexpected specific loss.	Review how the policy is being applied, whether any means exist of preventing or mitigating any loss, potential review of Local Plan policy.
LPC11 - Historic Environment	Number of Heritage Assets on Historic England's 'At	St Helens Council,	Reduction in the number of heritage assets on the Historic	Identification of a heritage asset newly listed on "at	Consider how the Council can contribute to measures to

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	Risk' register. Number of heritage assets at risk on St. Helen's Local List of Heritage Assets (once established).	Heritage England	England's 'At Risk' register. Reduction in the number of heritage assets considered to be "at risk" on the local list of heritage assets once established.	risk" register. Periodic increase in the number of heritage assets on the "at risk" register in the Borough. Identification of a locally listed heritage asset that could be at risk through periodic review.	improve the condition of the "at risk" heritage assets. Consider whether the policy is contributing to the neglect of heritage assets, and if so, consider whether the policy should be reviewed.
LPC12 - Flood Risk	Number of planning applications granted permission for inappropriate development in Flood Risk Zones 2 and 3.	St Helens Council, Local Lead Flood Authority Officer, Environment Agency	No planning applications granted permission for inappropriate development in Flood Zones 2 and 3.	Planning applications for inappropriate development in Flood Risk Zones 2 and/or 3 granted planning permission contrary to Environment Agency advice.	Review how the policy is being applied.
LPC13 - Renewable and Low Carbon Development	Amount of grid connected renewable energy by type	St. Helens Council, development management process.	Increase from start of Plan period.	Not yet determined	To be determined
	Number and capacity of permitted and installed renewable energy developments featuring: - large scale biomass energy	St. Helens Council, development management process, Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy	To contribute towards the achievement of set national targets for renewable energy (15% by 2020) and reduction of	Not yet determined	To be determined

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	- energy from waste - micro-wind turbines and roof mounted wind turbines - roof mounted solar technologies (including photovoltaic arrays and hot water panels) - heat pumps (ground source, air source and water source), - individual biomass boilers		CO2 emissions (80% by 2050).		
	Number and capacity of permitted/install ed wind turbines	Development management process	No target set - monitor	Not yet determined	To be determined
LPC14 - Minerals	Number of operational mineral extraction and recycling units	St. Helens Council, development management process, Merseyside Environmental Advisory Service (MEAS)	Sub-regional needs are met.	Not yet determined	To be determined
LPC15 - Waste	See Indicators within the Merseyside and Halton Joint Waste Local Plan	Merseyside Environmental Advisory Service (MEAS)	N/A	N/A	N/A
LPD01 - Ensuring Quality Development in St. Helens	Level of road traffic growth	St. Helens Council, Merseytravel, Liverpool City Region,	Road traffic and growth for cars – same or lower than the national average	Not yet determined	To be determined

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
		Highways England	(ownership and use)		
	Cycling and pedestrian counts	St. Helens Council	Increase in yearly cycling and pedestrian counts.	Not yet determined	To be determined
	Reduction in crime	Crime Survey conducted by Office for National Statistics	Reduction on previous years.	Not yet determined	To be determined
	Protection of the best and most versatile land from development (Grades 1, 2, and 3a)	St Helens Council (development management process).	No loss of the best and most versatile land unless justified by the benefits of the development.	Unexpected loss of land not proposed for development in the Local Plan <u>, and not</u> justified by wider benefits.	Review how the policy is being applied, whether any means exist of preventing or mitigating any loss not already covered by Policy. Potential review of Policy.
	Number of applications including a Ground Stability Report Number of applications including a Contaminated Land Report	Development management processes	No target set – monitor number of applications approved against the recommendatio ns of Ground Stability Report or Contaminated Land Report.	Not yet determined	To be determined
LPD02 - Design and Layout of New Housing	Number of applications approved contrary to policy	Development management processes	None – there should be 100% compliance with policy.	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on grounds of design and layout.	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
	Number of new residential developments with	Development management processes	100% - development should comply with policy.	Provision or contributions are below	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
	incorporated cycle and waste storage			policy requirements.	policy needs to be reviewed.
LPD03 - Open Space and Residential Development	Amount of open space gained, and lost to other uses, measured both by number and type of facilities, and by amount of space of each type (with reference to the typology used in the Open Space Study).	St Helens Council, Sport England, sports clubs, schools and developers	Net gains in open space provision.	Unexpected specific losses of facilities <u>not</u> <u>in</u> <u>accordance</u> <u>with Policy</u> (<u>ie.</u> without like for like replacement or enhancement).	Review how the policy is being applied, whether any means exist of preventing or mitigating any loss.
	Development resulting in a net loss of open space (contrary to policy)	Development management processes	No loss of open space.	Unexpected specific losses of open space <u>not in</u> <u>accordance</u> <u>with policy</u> (<u>ie.</u> without like for like replacement or betterment).	Review how the policy is being applied.
	Number of applications approved with contributions towards open space provision: • on-site; • off-site; and • financial contributions collected for open space	Development management processes	All new residential development of 40 or more dwellings to provide new open space, or the expansion or enhancement of existing open space provision.	Provision or contributions are below policy requirements.	Review how the policy is being applied, the age and circumstances of the planning permissions where the target was not met; if the policy has been applied accurately, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
LPD04 - Householder Development s	Developments allowed on appeal which were refused on amenity grounds	Development management processes	No appeals lost.	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on grounds of amenity.	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
	Developments allowed on appeal which were refused on highway safety grounds	Development management processes	No appeals lost.	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on grounds of highway safety.	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPD05 – Development in Green Belt.	Number of developments permitted in very special circumstances in accordance with national policy within the Green Belt	Development management processes	No development permitted except for that complying with very special circumstances in accordance with national policy.	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on Green Belt grounds.	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPD06 – Development in Gateway Corridors	Developments allowed on appeal which were refused on design grounds	Development management processes	No appeals lost.	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on grounds of design.	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPD07 - Digital Communicati ons	% of premises capable of accessing Next Generation speeds across St Helens	St. Helens Council, Liverpool City Region (LCR)	Increase in number per annum, ultimately 95% of all premises to have access to superfast broadband.	Not yet determined	To be determined

POLICY	INDICATOR	DATA SOURCE	TARGET	TRIGGER FOR ACTION	POTENTIAL ACTION OF CONTINGENCY
LPD08 - Advertiseme nts	Number of applications permitted that introduce visually obtrusive features or impact on the amenity of road users (including pedestrian and cycle traffic)	St Helens Council	100% compliance with policy No applications permitted that introduce visually obtrusive features or impact on the amenity of road users (including pedestrian and cycle traffic)	Failure to prevent appeals being lost where initial refusal was on grounds of visual obtrusiveness	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPD09 - Air Quality	All development in designated AQMAs should ensure consistency with the relevant Air Quality Action plan	St Helens Council (Environment al Health)	Development proposals in designated AQMAs should not result in a worsening of air quality and where possible improve it.	Planning applications or appeals granted planning permission contrary to Policy.	Review how the policy is being applied, consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.
LPD10 - Food and Drink	Number of hot food takeaways permitted contrary to criteria set out in policy	Development management processes	None – there should be 100% compliance with policy.	Planning applications or appeals granted planning permission contrary to the set criteria.	Review how the policy is being applied; consider whether the policy needs to be reviewed.